



Unit Staying Healthy



Vocabulary



Health	صحة	Poster	ملصق	Lock	يقفل قفل
Infection	عدوي	یه Do First aid	يعمل اسعافات اوا	Press down	يضغط لاسفل
Perform	يجري أيقوم ب	Injured	مصاب	Rise up	يرتفع لاعلي
React	يتفاعل	Emergency servi	خدمة طواريء ce	Instructions	تعليمات
Severe	شدید خطیر	Check	يفحص	Appear	يظهر
Technique	تقتية	Area	منطقه	Covid $-19 = C$	orona virus
Cardiopulmona	تنفس صناعي Wy	Injuries	اصابات	Get ill	يمرض
resuscitation (C	CPR)	Awake	مستيقظ	Leaf \ leaves	ورقة شجر
Pump	يضخ مضخا	Bleeding	نازف	A cold	نزلة برد
Heart	<i>قاب</i>	Injury	اصابه	Cough	سعال \ كحه
Damage	تلف	Shoulder	كتف	Stay up late	يسهر لوقت متأخ
Athletes	لأعبي قوي	Shout	يصيح غضبا	Fast food	اطعمة سريعه
کاري Trophy	غنيمة-كأس-نصب تذ	Normal breathin	تنفس طبيعي g	Persuade	يقثع
Sudden death	موت مفاجيء	Lying on	راقد علي	Persuasive	مقنع
Responsibility =	= charge	Flat surface	سطح مستوي	Perfect	كامل ــ تام
Care for \ abou	يهتم ب	Place = put	يضع	ں Do a course	ياخذ دورة \كورس
يم Put on	يضع مرهم كر	Chest	صدر	Brilliant	متألق
Gloves	قفازات	Encourage	يشجع	Champion	بطل رياضي
Bandage	ضماده	Brain 20	مخ 24	Expert	خبير
Wrap	يطوي يلف	Immune system	جهاز مناعي m	Fantastic	رائع
Tight	ضيق	Fight	يحارب \ يقاتل	A play	مسرحيه
ادوات Kits	اطقم معدات	Boost	يعزز	A character	شخصيه
Available	متوفر	Cell () S	خلیه 🛮 🔼 ــ	بند \ قرار An act	فصل مسرحي ١
Lungs	الرئتين	Organ	عضو	A scene	مشهد
Muscles	عضلات	تفاعلـ Virus	في فيراوت ال	Kingdom	مملکه
Divide	بقسم	Foolish	احمق	Marry to	يتزوج من
Riches	ثروات	Honest	امین	Shout about	يصيح في
Duke	دوق	Power	قوة طاقة محركا	Sword	سيف
Give away	يتبرع	Title	لقب	Beauty	جمال
Decide	يقرر	Decision	قرار	Answer to	رد / اجابة
20000	JJ 10	Decision	3.5		* * * * * •

Definitions

Infection	a disease caused by a virus or bacteria.	
Perform	: to do an action	
React	: do something because something has been done	
Severe	: serious × mild	
Technique	: a way of doing something with a skill.	الد
Boost	: to help someone or something get better or improve.	(F6)
Cell	: The smallest separate part of an animal or a plant.	
Immune system	: a way that your body protects you from disease.	25
Organ	: A part of your body that performs a job.	ASC
	·	



Œ			7
	Virus	: a very small living thing that causes disease	£ 57
ř	A play	A piece of writing that is written for acting in a theatre.	
3	A character	A person that an actor plays.	40
S.	An act	A larger part of a play .	- 49
	A scene	A small part of a play which happens in one place.	

Prepositions & Expressions

Stay strong & healthy	يبقى قويا \ بصحه جيده	Lock your fingers	يقفا اصابعه
Help+(to) infinitive	*	Press down	يضغط لاسفل
Helpwith +(n.)	يساعد في	Allowto	يسمح ان
help in + (n.)	يساعد في	Do a course	يأخذ كورس
Make sure	يتأكد	Do first aid	يقوم باسعاف اولي
Check the area around	يفحص المنطقه حول	Sop + v-ing	يتوقف عن
Move closer to	يتحرك اقرب الي	Stop to +	يتوقف لكي يفعل
Seem to + infinitive	يبدو ان	Educateabout	يثقف ا يعلم
Seem + adjective (calm)	يبدو	Disagree about	يرفض بخصوص
Check for	يفحص لاجل	Disagree with	لا يتفق مع
Know how to	يعرف كيف ان	Get + adjective(ill)	يصبح مريض
Start \ begin + to + inf	أبيدأ	No need for	لا حاجه ل
Start \ begin + v-ing	أغي	Encourageto	يشجع ان
Find out	یکتشف ان	Divide into	يقسم الي
Sound + adjective (fantast	یبدو ان (ic	A third of	تُلث
Lying on their back	راقد علي ظهره	Stay up	يسهر
Giveaway	يتبرع \ يمنح	Think of / about	يفكر في
Tellwhat to do	یخبر ما ان	Spend time +v-ing	يقضي وقتا

Derivatives

<u>Verb</u>	Noun_	<u>Adjective</u>			
Get healthy	Health	Health			
Infect	Infection /infectiousness	Infectious			
Perform	Performer / performance				
Do damage	Damage	Damaged / damaging			
Wrap	Wrapper	Wrapped			
Decide	Decision	Decisive			
Injure	Injury	Injured			
Encourage	Encouragement	Encouraging			
Empower	Power	Powerful			
Persuade	Persuasion	Persuasive			
Get ill / sick	Illness / sickness	Ill / sick			
Beautify	Beauty	Beautiful			
Act	Action / actor / actress				
Characterize	Character /characteristic				
Marry	Married	Marriage			
React	Reaction				
Immunize	Immunity /immunization	Immunized 📉			
Educate	Education	Educated			



Healthy	Unhealthy / ill / sick
Severe	mild 😥
Available \ availability	Unavailable \ unavailability
Encourageto	Discouragefrom
Foolish = fool = stupid	Intelligent
Married	Single / bachelor / unmarried
Appear	Disappear
Beauty	Ugliness
Honest / honesty	Dishonest / dishonesty

Synonyms

Available	In stock
Severe	Serious
Perform	Carry out /do
Persuade	Convince
بطل ریاضی Champion	Hero \ heroine بطل شعبي \ فيلم
Foolish	fool = stupid\ unwise

Language notes

خبير في expert(in \ at \ on تجربة معملية experiment #Experience (لا تعد)

- 1- The teacher showed us how to do an important experiment.
- 2- He had the qualifications and experience to do great things.

عنوان منزل او برید الکتروني address عنوان کتاب لقب title عنوان أخبار – جریدة

All I want is to keep the title of king.

His nickname اسم شهره is Bozz. 2024

Her penname is "Bent el shatie".

Decide to + inf. וلمصدر He decided to become a heart surgeon.

<u>Decide on + الاسم</u>: You should decide on your goal.

a part of this cake. شيء ينفصل =part of a team a part of

Fall (asleep / ill / silent / vacant / unconscious) إلاحظ هذه الكلمات مع المعالمة المعالمة

Care for / about = look after يرعي/ يعتني بـ - Who will care for me when I am old?

Care for = want يريد -Do you care for a cup of tea?

Care about something بهتم - He doesn't care about his studies.

عضو في اسره \ نادي member عضو في جسم الانسان

The heart is the organ that pumps blood around the body.

All the members of the club were sad when they lost the match.

ترحيل transfer نقل الَّدم / اعضاء transfusion زراعة الاعضاء

🔈 do an operation / have an operation

- do / carry out / perform an operation: يقوم باجراء عملية جراحية
 - Surgeons do operations on people in hospitals.
- Have an operation: تجرى له عملية جراحية
 - She is having an operation on her heart.

يقنع شخص برأي / اعتقاد convince يقنع شخص ان يتصرف Persuade

- He convinced me that he was right.
- It wasn't easy, but I persuaded him to do the right thing.

تنفس breathe (v.) تنفس



I was gasping for breath.

She would fight to the last breath to preserve her good name.

She was breathing deeply.

wear يرتدي قطعة ملابس واحده (عملية الارتداء) put on

يرتدى ملابس (حاله الارتداء)

get dressed يرتدي لا يليها مفعولُ slip into =pull on dress يلبس شخص اخر try on

يرتدي بسرعة برتدي ليقبس

be dressed in ینبس شخص be dressed in

مرتدياً لي

Enrich language

یلف \ یغلف\ یعانق \ یحضن \ غطاء \ رداء Wrap	يعزز - يحسن - يطور - عون - مساعده Boost		
يلف/يطوي حول Wrap round \ around	خلیه / زنزانه / خلیه ار هابیه / تلیفون محمول Cell		
He wrapped an arm around her waist.	Kit = equipment, tools, implements,		
Kit زي رياضي	instruments, gadgets, appliances معدات		
تنفس \ استنشاق \ تلميح \ ايحاء Breath	One's last breath لاخر نفس قبل الموت		
Hold your breath (لحدث اوشك ان يتم)	قبل ان یفعل شيء before one has time to draw breath		
يتوقف عن التنفس خوفا Catch one's breath	take breath يستريح		
out of breath צמבו	waste one's breath يهدر وقته فالنصح والكلام بلا فائده		
the breath of life مليه يعتمد عليه	in the same breath في نفس واحد يقول الشيء مع شخص اخر		

Persuading

- It is great that
- ❖ I really think you should joinbecause everyone has to know............
- ❖ You never know when
- You would want other people to help you too, right?
- ❖ I am sure you would be great at
- You don't have to become an expert
-sound perfect

Reading

HOW TO PERFORM FIRST AID

- If you find an ill or injured person, you must check the area around him/her first to make sure it isn't dangerous. Then move closer to the person and look carefully at them. Do they seem to be very ill? Do they have severe injuries?
- If the person is awake but not bleeding, you have to ask them how they feel and what happened. Check their body for signs of injury or infection. You don't have to touch the person's body to do this.
- 3 If the person doesn't reply, touch their shoulder or their foot and shout to see if they react, and remember to check for normal breathing.
- 4 If the person isn't breathing, someone must call the emergency services immediately.
- 5 If you know how to perform CPR, you have to do this to help the person start breathing again. However, you mustn't do CPR unless the person is lying on their back on a flat surface such as the floor.

Place your hand on the centre of the person's chest. Put your other hand on top of the first hand and lock your fingers together. Make sure that your shoulders are above your hands.







Step 1

Step 2

Step 3

You don't have to press down on the person's chest very much – only five to six centimetres. Keep your hands on their chest and allow it to rise up again. You have to do this 100 to 120 times a minute until the person starts breathing again.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We must follow rules of hygiene and sanitation to stay



		1 10
Ž	-Unhealthy b- health c- healthy d- healthiest	790
H	A disease caused by a virus or bacteria is called	5
H	-infect b- infection c- infectiousness d- infectious	Ü
	3. Tomeans to do an action	
	-perform b- performer c- performance d- performable	
	Tois to do something because something has been done.	
	-act b- activate c- react d- intact	
	5. He died of aattack of asthma .	
	-safe b- mild c- severe d- severity 5. Ais a way of doing something with a skill.	
	t-technical b- technique c- techniques d- technology	y
	'. Tois to help someone or something get better or improve. b-boast b- bust c- boost d- oboist	
	3. Ais the smallest separate part of an animal or a plant.	
	e-call b- cell c- sell d- den	
	D. The immuneis a way that your body protects you from disease.	
	Discipling h-regime c-system d-order	
	-Discipline b- regime c- system d- order 0. The brain is thethat controls all your body. -Member b- part c- organ d- element	
	-Member h- nart c- organ d- element	
	1. A computer which affected the operation of Google yesterday is	
	spreading like wildfire.	
	-Disease b- malady c- bacteria d- virus	
	2. It is a dark about a married couple who try to deal with the death of their son	1_
	-play b- dance c- game d- race	•
	3. The main of this film were all people who actually existed in history.	
	-Personalities b-characters c- persons d- psyches	
	4. The play's careful and logical division into five would support this view.	
	-actions b- actors c- acts d- scenes	
	5. Police were quickly on the when the alarm went off at 12.30 pm on Sunday.	
	-Scene b- spot c- theatre d- position	
	6. He said he went back to sleep and when he, she was gone.	
	-rose b- raised c- awoke d- awake	
	7. In fact, I gave the book to my father to it for accuracy.	
	-choke b- check c lclarc shack d- shock	
	8. We all hope that there will be immunizations for several of the that	ı
	can cause Corona.	
	-infects b- infectious c- infections d- maladies	
	9. If the person is not breathing, someone must call theservices immediate	ly.
	-emergent b- emergency c- emerge d- emergence	
	20. You mustCPR when the person is lying on their back.	
	-make b- do c- practice d- carry on	
	1. Education helps the countriesdevelopment and progress.	
	i-in b- on c- with d- about	
	22. The king wanted tohis kingdom into three parts.	
	-Share b- divide c- part d- give away	
	23. The old king had a large amount oflike silver and gold.	
1	richness b- rich c- riches d- enriches	. .
Į.	24. I remember enjoying it, but I could never remember the of the book, no	DL)
4	the name of the author.	9
3	-name b- address c- penname d- title 25. He will inherit the of Duke of Marlborough	>
þ	.o. He will illiletit tile Of Duke of Mariborough	
4		CATALOG A



-28					100
₹a-title					
26. We need to in	mprove the infor	mation	to patien	ts on quality and acc	ess.
a-unavailable	b- availa	bility	c- available	d- variable	es
27. He was	enough to co	nfide in her.	She tricked	him and stole his mo	nev.
a-smart h- int	telligent	c- foolish	d- d	rlever	
	hat were left I gav	/e	to neig	Jibours.	
a-out I	b- in	c-away		ı- a way	
29. She also	more at	ease than ev	er while deli	vering her songs.	
	b- appears				
30. If necessary,	, a doctor or eme	rgency medi	cal team ma	y perform	
cardiopulr	monary				
a-resurrection	b- recitation	c- refo	rmation d- res	suscitation	
	ay al				
a-in b- up		c- out	0	u.	
a-III D- up	ld h	C- Out	u-al		
	- let c- pe				
33. The competit	tion ensured that	t the wa	s decided in	the last round.	
A-star b	-hero (c- heroine		d-champion	
34. The project v	would be a	for the	economy ar	d the environment.	
a-boast b	- bust	c- boos	st d	- impost	
35 She was awa	arded a fo	or the best to	echnical perf	- impost ormance and took the	e
lightweigh		or the boot to	omilioai por	ormanoc ana took th	
		h	tuidle.	al Avera	
	b- trop			d- troy	
-	rs used pap <mark>er fa</mark> l				
a-rap	-				
37. They examin	ed me, changed	the bandage	s and medic	ated the wounds.	
a-bands b	b- bandages	c- bonds	d-	binds	
Translate into Ara					
1) All living cr	nee مخلو قات nee	ed to coopera	te in order to	their goals تحقق	.
.,		a to occ point		goano	
2-The governmen	it has encouraged	the youth to	set up their o	vn projects	
2 The government	t nas choodraged	the youth to	oct up then o	wii projects.	
Translate into En	alish:	9197	4.1		
voting	براهان مي التصويري التصويري التصويري التصويري التصويري التصوير التصوير التصوير التصوير التصوير التصوير التصوير		nloto righto 4	نائب المرأة المصرية حقمة والكاما	ıät 1
voting	عن وحدث حق التصويت	اااال کي اعمليم وا	piete rigitis	نالت المرأة المصرية حقوقها كاما	- 1
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 ب على كل مواطن citizen أن يا	
eradicatingفي قريت	على الأمية Illiteracy	errect في العصاء	عب دورا فعالا ١٧٥		
				لحي districtالذي يعيش فيه.	او هي ا
B) Translate into					
				، ان يبذل كل المصريين اقصى ما ا	
	ی national income	ل زيادة الدخل القوم	investn بما يحقز	encourage الاستثمار eent	وتشجيإ
				نفجار السكاني r population	
ل to solveھذة	الوعي awareness لحا	جب نشر spread	unemplo لذلك يا	wment والبطالة disease	و المرط
				<u>. "</u>	المشكلا

Focus on language





-	D						6
Š	present		past		future	2	-
	Have to Has to Must	+	Had to کان مضطر ان	+	Will have to	+ مفعول 🏾	
	Have got to Has got to Need/needs to تستخدم للاحداث التي يمكن ان تكون ضرورية	مفمول necessary for To + inf	Needed to	مفمول To + inf	Will need to	be necessary for To + inf	
	او غیر ضروریة	It is 1		It was		It will	

١-تستخدم have/has to للتعبير عن أمر مفروض مثل القواعد العامة واللوائح المدنية ليس لدي اختيار في

→- He has to be at work at 8 o'clock.

- You have to drive on the right.
- You have to wear your uniform. We have to go to school on time.
- ▶ You have to show your passport when you leave the country.
- → He had to take a taxi because he was late

→ Hassan needs to go the bank after he finishes work.

2024

_ نستخدم: must

التستخدم للتعبير عن القوانين والقواعد العامة

فعلها رمدرسة،مكتبة،قوانين مرور)

Drivers must wear seat belts.

٢ للتعبير عن نصيحة قوية

e.g. You must stop smoking

→You must remember to drive on the left.

٣ - تستخدم (المشاعر او الامنيات) للتعبير عن إحساس قوي بضرورة عمل شيء من وجهة نظر المتكلم أو للتعبير عن أن شيء مهم بالنسبة لنا وفي هذه الحالة تستخدم فقط مع الضمائر You ومع You في حالة السؤال

→We <u>must tell</u> the truth. →I <u>must visit</u> my grandparents more often.

▶ We must buy a present for Ali's birthday.. → I must work hard for the exams next week.

٤ ـ كما تستخدم في حالة توجيه دعوة أو التعبير عن مشاعر صادقة

→You must come to my party tonight. →You must try a piece of my cake

- لاحظ استخدام Must للتعبير عن الضرورة في المضارع والمستقبل

- I must see my doctor tomorrow.

- I must go now.

احظ يمكن استخدام التعبيرات الاتية بدل must

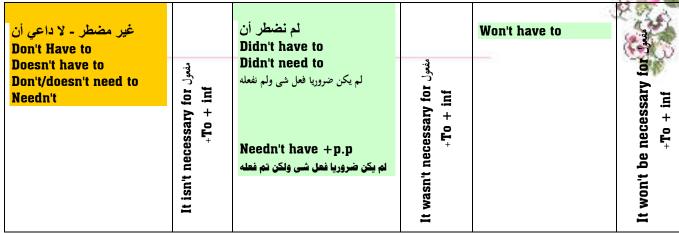
Must =	It is necessary/important (for+) to It is obligatory (for+) to	مصدر+
	It is a must/necessity (for+) to	

عدم الضرورة Lack of Necessity

present past future







- →-she doesn't have to/needn't /doesn't need to buy more dresses.
- ▶ My father doesn't have to work today, because it is a holiday.
- → She isn't late for school so she doesn't have to / needn't hurry.
- in some countries, children don't need to wear school uniform.
 - I didn't have to do the shopping yesterday. My brother did it.
 - I didn't need to go to school yesterday. It was a holiday.
- You needn't have brought your umbrella. It's not going to rain.

Be not allowed to

I didn't have to buy more bread. We already have a lot. (I didn't buy bread because we have some.) I needn't have bought more bread. We already have a lot. (I bought bread, but it was not necessary because we have some.)

mustn' بمعنى ممنوع أو غير مسموح كما تعنى أن هناك قواعد و قوانين يجب إتباعها و المخالفة تعرضك للعقاب.

غير مسموح

Be forbidden to Mustn't = Be prohibited / banned to It's against the law to No + v.ing

E.g. You mustn't park here = it is not allowed to park here = You are forbidden to park here.

1- Poor Hany	go to hos	spital yesterday after	he hurt his hand. PT	
a must	b has to	c had to	d needn't	
2-When you go to	o Alexandria, you	visit	the library. It's amazing!	
a have to	b must	c will	d need	
			I wash it tomorrow. <mark>P T</mark>	
	b can't	•		
	brought food. We al			
a needn't have	b must not have	c must have	d should have	
	. remember to email n			
	b needn't	-		
6- We	hurry. It only takes	ten minutes to the st	ation and we have an hou	r before
the train goes. P				
a mustn't	b needn't	c ought not to	d shouldn't	16
The state of the s	park says that people			8
	b might not			ac V
	room vesterday: my s			43



a don't have to tidy b didn't have to tidy c had to tidy d must have tidied 9 Pm sorry for not visiting you last night; I see my doctor. LM b didn't have to d must a needn't c had to 10 You are wasteful; you more sugar. We already have a lot at home. LM a can't have bought b had to buy c didn't have to buy d needn't have bought 11 Ali isn't late for school; hehurry. LM a mustn't b don't have to d has to c needn't 12 Children wear a uniform in primary schools. LM a must b have to c mustn't d shouldn't 13 You worry, still you have a lot time of to catch the train. LM a don't have to b must c should d have to 14 You take photos here; it's a military area. LM d shouldn't b mustn't c needn't 15 You try my sister's cake now. It's really delicious! LM a needn't b had to c must d mustn't 16 I really buy my mother a present on her birthday; One should be grateful! LM b have to c mustn't d must 17 At an airport, Ishow my passport. LM b don't have to c have to d shouldn't 18 In England, most people.....work until they are 67; it's a work law there. LM b have to c needn't a mustn't d shouldn't 19 Unfortunately, my friend broke his leg and go to hospital where he received proper treatment. LM b should have gone c has to a had to d didn't have to 20 Mona is really economical; she more bread; she actually has much in the fridge. LM a needn't have bought b didn't have to buy c should have bought d had to buy 21 You pass a driving test to drive a car in Egypt. LM a mustn't b needn't c have to d must 22- Is it a/an to take this medicine? LM a advice b unnecessary c necessary d must 23-We didn't have a test today so l..... for it last night! P T a needn't revise b didn't have to revise c mustn't revise d needn't have revised 24-My sister made a cake. You try it. It's lovely! SB c-have to b-should d-must 25-We can walk to the bookshop if you want, but we........................... The bus goes there. SE a-shouldn't b-mustn't c-don't have to d-didn't have to 26-You run next to the swimming pool. You might fall over. SB b-needn't c-don't have to d-didn't have to 27-In England, most people work until they are 67. SB b-have to c-must d-should 28-I buy some bread from the shops. Don't let me forget! SB b-have to c-must 29- Werun to the museum because it was already closed when we got there. SB c-didn't have to d-might not a-don't have b-needn't have 30- Poor Walid broke his leg yesterday andto hospital. SB a-had to go b-needn't have gone c-didn't have to go d-must go 31-You come round to my house when you've finished it. SB b-should a-have to c-must d-need 32-We buy a present for Ali's birthday. b-should d-need 33-You park here. It is not allowed. SB b-don't have to d-didn't have to c-mustn't

34-You show your passport when you leave the country. WB
a have to h-should c-has to d-need
35-She isn't late for school so shehurry. SB
a-didn't have b-don't need to c-doesn't need to d-can't
36-We pass our exams to get into university. SB
a-have to b-should c-has to d-need
37-I more bread. We already have a lot. So I didn't buy any. SB
a-can't have bought b-needn't have bought c-didn't have to buy d- don't have to
38-I more bread. We already have a lot. But I bought some. SE
a-can't have bought b-needn't have bought c-didn't have to buy d- don't have to
39-Youbuy a ticket before you travel on the train.WB
a-should b-need c-will have to d-has to
40-Mona her sunglasses because it was cloudy. WB
a- had to take b-should have taken c-didn't have to take d-needn't take
41-Youthe windows because a man comes to wash them every week. WB
a-needn't have cleaned b-must have cleaned c-didn't have cleaned d- had to
42-Yunisdo the maths exercise again because he got it all wrong. WB
a-didn't need to b-had to c-needn't d-needed
43-We pass our exams to get into university. WB
a-ought b-need c-may d-have to 44-Theyleave the school yesterday after they heard the fire bell. WB
44-Theyleave the school yesterday after they heard the fire bell. WB
a-had to b-need to c-must d-have to
45-I stop eating sweets! They are bad for me. WB
a-can b-need c-mustd-have to
46-You put the newspape <mark>r on t</mark> he ov <mark>en. It might</mark> burn <mark>. WB</mark>
a-may not b- ought not c- mustn't d-don't need to
47- Tarek get the bus to the park. My father can take him in our car. WB
a-mustn't b-needn't have c-don't need to d-doesn't have to
48-The studentswritten all those notes. All the information is typed for them. WB
a-needn't have b-didn't have to c-mustn't d-didn't need
49-Karim was already at the sports centre when I arrived, so I send him a text telling
him to meet us there. WB
a-needn't have b-didn't have to c-mustn't d-didn't need
50. Mona her umbrella because she knew the weather wouldn't be rainy.
a. needn't have taken b. had to take c. didn't have to take d. needed to take
51-we read a summary of a book in English next week. SB
a-had to b-need c-has to d-have to
52-Youpark there. There's a better place here. SB
a mustn't b can't c don't need d needn't
53-Youcome and see me tomorrow! SB
a-should b-need c-have d-must
54-The bus arrived 2 minutes after you left, so youa taxi
a needn't take b didn't have to take c mustn't take d needn't have taken
55-In football youtouch the ball with your hands.
a don't have to b mustn't c needn't d shouldn't
56-We complete this essay by Friday.
a need b have to c should to d must









1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1.	Many experts	s disagree	the impo	ortance of havi	ng a healthy h	eart.
	a- With	b- to		c- on d-	about	
2.	Keep the han	ds on the chest an	d allow it	:agair	1.	
		b- raise				
3.	His special	of scratch	ing lines	into the colour	is still freque	ntly used.
	a- Technical	b- techn	ology	c- tec	hnique	d- technics
		now toCPI				
	a- Make	b- perforr	n	c- go on	d- car	rry on
		ibles with green le			-	
		b- help			d- is h	elping
6.	You	shout or make n	oise in th	e classroom.		
	a- Don't have	b- musti	ı't	c- are not to	o d- sho	uldn't have
7.	The pain is of	fintensi	y and las	ts anywhere fr	om 15 to 180 i	minutes.
		b- severity				savior
		angrily <mark>to th</mark> e				
	a- Reacted	b- rea	active	c- reaction	n d- iı	ntact
9.		s when the <mark>of t</mark> he		_		-
	a- Tissues	b- is	sues	c- joints	d- mus	scles
		to defen <mark>d our o</mark>				
		b- duty	_			
11	. The queen g	ranted him the	of Lord	<mark>l due to his e</mark> ffo	orts to save his	country in
	the war.					
	a- Nickname	b- sur	name	c- title	e d-	post
12	. You	.put a bandage an	d press it	down on the a	rea that is blee	eding.
	a- Might	b- may	C-	has to	d- must	
13	. She give all h	er old clothes b- in	بالمالعالر	the orphans.	تطب	
	a- Out	b- in	c- up	d-	away	
14		ong time to		_	_	
	a- Persuade	b- con		c- make	d- let	İ
15	-	Egypt, you at	-	_		
	a) must	•	-	ldn't d) mus		
16		is business, his rep				
	a-person			c- character	d- chara	cteristic
2.		ing passage and ar			_	
	"Let us laugh,	" says, W. Mathew	s, "it is the	e cheapest luxui	ry man enjoys.	It stirs up the

"Let us laugh," says, W. Mathews, "it is the cheapest luxury man enjoys. It stirs up the blood, expands the chest, clears away the cobwebs خيوط عنكبوت from the brain and gives the whole system a healthy treatment." So is it nice to laugh a lot? It is said, "Laughter is the best medicine." For those who dislike medicine, sweet or bitter, a good joke that provokes المنافية laughter is prescribed. It is nice to have a good laugh but a "guffaw" ههقهة may sometime lock one's jaws فا المادة على المادة على المادة
slow and subside قرقرة into a gurgle قرقرة .And finally, I feel that I should smile, laugh heartily (without the predicament جز علي الاسنان of lockjaw جزعلي الاسنان) and be able to enjoy all jokes including ones directed at myself. But never making a laughing stock رصيد of myself in the process. Let us remember the wise saying, "He is not laughed at that laughs at himself."

Choose the correct answer from a, b ,c or d :

- 1-It is said that laughter is the best medicine because
 - (a) it is the cheapest luxury man enjoys
 - (b) it is available free of cost
 - (c) it is cheaper whereas medicines in the shops are costly
 - (d) it provides better treatment than costly medicines
- 2-The writer says he would never make a laughing stock of himself. It means he should not
 - (a) let others ridicule him
 - to Judges عدم احترام b) show disrespect
 - (c) laugh but simply smile at others
 - (d) let others laugh
- 3. The writer feels laughter is to be prescribed to those who
 - (a) are seriously ill
 - (b) dislike medicines
 - (c) cannot buy medicines
 - (d) do not need medicines
- 4- . By quoting a wise saying in the last line the writer
 - (a) repeats the going that laughter is the best medicine for us
 - (b) guides us about what we should do from being laughed at
 - (c) warns us as to how we should conduct ourselves .
 - those who cannot laugh at themselves پراقب

Answer the following questions:

5- Why do you think that laughter is useful for man?	
6 – What is the effect of laughter on the organs of the body.?	

- 7 What is the best title of the passage?
- 8 What does the writer advise the reader to do?

3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) about how to stay healthy.

4 - - A) Translate into Arabic:

www.Cryp2Day.com موقع مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة

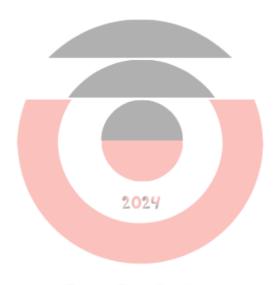


Great efforts are exerted to develop the industry of information technology in Egypt. The government has encouraged youth to set up their own projects. The whole world has become a global village due to the striking لافت النظر technology & information revolution.

B) Translate into English:

۱- يجب تحذير warn الشباب من الهجره الغير شرعيه illegal immigration لانها تعرضهم expose to للمخاطر risks

- ٢- تلعب المؤسسات الخيرية دورا هاما في المجتمع.
- ٣- تلعب مصر دورا هاما في تحقيق السلامachieving peace في الشرق الاوسط.
- ٤-يشيد buildرجال الاعمال مشروعات ضخمة توفر to provide فرص عمل job opportunities للشباب youth.



GPS-APP

تطبيق التعلم التفاعلي عن بعد









Unit 2 Eating around the work

Amount =quar	کمیه itity	Cornbread	خبز ذرة	Relatives	اقارب
Celebrate	يحتفل	Pumpkin pie	فطيرة قرع عسل	Rest	یستریح \ راحه
يت Eat out	ياكل خارج البب	Festival	مهرجان	Chopsticks	عودان اكل صينيه
Get together	يلتقوا معا	Special	خاص مميز	Rude	وقح
Occasion	مناسبه	Spicy	حار \ متبل	Vertically	رأسيا
Prepare	يعد \ يجهز	Rare`	ثادر	Bowl	طاسه \ سلطانية
Serve	يخدم	Popular	شعبي ∖ محبوب	Foreigners	اجانب
Traditional	تقليدي	Salty	مالح	Light food	طعام خفيف
Survive	يبقي حيا _ ينج	Oyster	محارة	Share	يساهم في
Native	اصلي	Vegetable cui	کاري خضار ۲ry	Belief	اعتقاد
Thanksgiving		Seafood	اغذية بحرية	Mealtimes	مواعيد الوجبات
Old-fashioned	موضة قديمه	Nut biscuits	بسكويت بندق	Beef	لحم البقر
_ مقتطف Extract	يستخلص _ يقتطف	Questionnair	استبيان e	Cows	بقر
turkey	ديك رومي	Type	نوع	Noises	ضوضاء
Keep out of the v	يبتعد عن طريقvay	Product	منتج	Noodles	مكرونه شعريه
Meal	وجبة	Achieve	ينجز	Soup	شربه
Spoons	ملاعق	A great deal	قدر كبير	Exit	يخرج
	اكلات _ اطباق	Popularity	شهرة	Lie about	يكذب بخصوص
عاء _ قدر Pots	**	Normal	عادي مادي	Trust	يثق \ ثقه
Pans -	اطباق _ مقالي	ل\تَقدِير Respect	يحترم \ احترام \ مجا	Deceive	يخدع
Surprised	مندهش	Anger	غضب	Send away	
Feed	يطعم	Inheritance 2	إِرث ـ تَرِكَة وِرَاثُأ	Serious	جاد \ خطیر
Deserve to	يستحق	Succeed	ينجح \ يتوالي	Pleased	مسرور
Send away	يطرد	ید، Loyalty	إخلاص، أمَانَة، تأبِ	Worriedd	قلق
Ill health	لصحة سيئه	Income	م ا لات علم الت	Angry	غضبان
Bring = fetch	يحضر \يجلب	مسانده Support	یدعم / دعم / یساند / ه	Truth	الحقيقة الصدق
Diversity	التنوع	Negotiation	تَشْنَاوُر، تَفَاوُض	Gather	يجمع
Chili	فلفل حار	Festival	مهرجان	Mind map	خريطة ذهنية
Attractive	جذاب	Rules	قواعد	Design	يصمم
Distant = far	بعيد	Desserts	حلويات	Pasta	مكرونه \ باستا
Stage directions a		Follow	يتبع	Instructions	

Definitions

Amount	A quantity of something	
Celebrate	Do something fun to show that an event is special	
Eat out	Have a meal outside the home	100
Get together	Meet people and spend time with them	G. W.
Occasion	A time when something special happens.	3
Prepare	Get something ready to eat or use.	3. A.
3465		(30w)

- 7	
Serve	Give people food and drink
Traditional	Old ways of doing things that don't change .

Prepositions & Expressions

Be right to	علي صواب	Be wrong to	مخطيء ان
Have the right to	لديه الحق	Eat out	يأكل خارج البيت
Careful about\ of	حریص علي	Spend time with	يقضي وقت مع
Show respect	يظهر احترام	Spend money on	ينفق اموال علي
My heart is broken	انطر قلبي	Enjoy +v-ing	يتمتع
Lie about	يكذب بخصوص	Be able to	قادر علي
Lie to	یکذب علی	Get together	يلتقوا معا
Send away	يطرد	Get out	يخرج \ يطلع
Expectto + infinitive	يتوقع ان	Worried about	قلق علي
Walk out of	يمشي خارجا من	Get ready to	يستعد ان
Be surprised to + infinitive	مندهش ان	On the menu	علي قائمة الطعام
Try new things	يجرب اشياء جديده	Finish + v-ing	ينهي
On New year's Day	في عيد رأس السنه	Cruel to	قاسي علي
Take care of = care for	يهتم ب \ يراعي		يرعي
Come on to the stage	يطلع علي خشبة المسرح	Unkind to	قاسي علي

Derivatives

<u>Verb</u>	Noun	Adjective	
Inherit	Inheritance \ heir \ heiress	Inherited	
	Heritage \ heredity		
	Loyalty	Loyal	
Trust	Trust	Trusted /trust worthy	
Deceive	Deception	Deceived	
lie∖tell a lie	Lie \ liar		
Celebrate	Celebration /celebrity	Celebratory /celebrated	
Serve	Service /servant		
\01	Tradition 7	Traditional	
Believe	Belief \ believer	Believable \unbelievable	
Attract to	Attraction	Attracted \ attractive	
	T-rad a rate or		

Antonyms

	MILON JAID	
Native	Nonnative	
Loyal	Loyal disloyal, faithless, false, fickle, inconstant, perfidious, recreant,	
	traitorous, treacherous, unfaithful, untrue	
Trust	distrust, mistrust	
Deceive	undeceive	
Traditional	nontraditional, unconventional, uncustomary, untraditional	
Serious	flip, , humorous, jesting, jocular, joking, kittenish, ludic, playful	
Attractive	Repellent, repelling, repugnant, repulsive, revolting	
Popular	unfashionable, unpopular	
Loyalty	disloyalty, faithlessness, falseness, falsity, inconstancy, infidelity, ,	
635	perfidy, treachery, unfaithfulness	



3	Old-fashioned	contemporary, current, , modern, modernistic, , newfangled, new
1	A	fashioned, ultramodern, up-to-date

Synonyms

*	Synonyms	
Amount	measure, quantity, quantum, volume	
Loyal	constant, dedicated, devoted, devout, faithful, pious, staunch, true,	
Trust (ثقة)	confidence, credence, faith,	
Deceive	delude, mislead, take in, trick, suck in, string along	
Celebrate	bless, carol, glorify, hymn, magnify, praise, resound	
Occasion	moment, time	
Prepare	fit, fix, groom, lay, prep, ready	
Serve	slave (for), work (for)	
Traditional	classical, conventional, customary, prescriptive	
Survive	ride (out), weather	
Native	aboriginal,, born, domestic, endemic, indigenous	
Old-fashioned	d antique, oldfangled, old-timey, quaint, retro, retrograde, vintage	
Surprised	Amazed, astonished	
Deserve	earn, merit, rate	
Attractive	alluring, appealing, bewitching, captivating, charismatic, charming,	
	fascinating, fet <mark>ching</mark> , glamorous (also gl <mark>amou</mark> rous), luring, magnetic,	
	seductive	
Popular	crowd-pleasing, faddish, faddy, fashionable, favorite, modish, pop,	
A alai assa	popularized, vogue, voguish	
Achieve	Carry out, accomplish	
یحترم Respect	admire, appreciate, consider, esteem, regard	
Loyalty	adhesion, attachment, commitment, constancy, dedication, devotedness, devotion, faith, faithfulness, fastness, fidelity, troth	
Support	advocate, back, champion, endorse (also indorse), patronize, plump	
Support	(for), plunk (for) or plonk (for)	
Relatives	cousin, kin, kinsman, relation	
Share	partake, participate التعلم	
Serious	earnest, grave, humorless, no-nonsense, po-faced ,sedate, severe,	
	sober, solemn, , uncomic, unsmiling, weighty	
Pleased	contented, delighted, glad, gladdened, , rejoiced,	
Worried	anxious, goosey, het up, hinky [slang], hung up, ill at ease, insecure,	
	jumpy, nervous, nervy, perturbed, (also queazy), tense, troubled,	
	uneasy, unquiet, upset, uptight	
Design	aspire, calculate, contemplate, intend, look, mean, meditate, plan,	
	propose, purport, purpose	

Language notes

Fall asleep ايصمت silent إيمرض (vacant يفرغ vacant ايصمت yacant المرض الله fell asleep while watching the movie.

الصفة إما أن تسبق الاسم أو تلى بعض الأفعال مثل To Be ولكن الصفات التالية لا تستخدم قبل الاسم أبدا و لكن تستخدم

be وأفعال مثل seem / look / feel

afraid / awake / asleep / alone / alight / absent/alive
The boy was afraid. She is still awake.







• Thank you for a delightful evening.

- خاص (ملاكي) Private متميز Special خاص (ملاكي)
- They always made a special effort at Christmas'
- He protects his private life and private feelings very closely.'
- ✓ Spend time +(v-ing) Ex : he spent most of his time surfing the internet.
- √ Spend money on Ex : she spent her money on clothes.
- يحترم / احترام- اِحترام، اِحترَم، اِعتِبَار، ، ، إجلال، إكبار، إكرام، بَجَّل، تَقدِير، تَقَيّدُ بِ، ... (n.) « Respect (v.)(n.)
- ✓ Please, respect their privacy احترم خصوصیتهم self-respect
 محترم یحترمه الناس Respected ≠ Disrespected
- He is a respected scientist. She is a respected woman.
- ✓ Respectful ≠ disrespectful , undutiful
- ✓ Respectable ≠ disreputable
- He doesn't want to hurt their feelings, he is respectful.
- They are a respectable family.اسرة تصرفاتها مقبولة اجمتاعيا. Bring (v.) brought brought

يذهب ليحضر

Ex: he brought a packet of rice when he came back.

Go and fetch a doctor, please.

**	Soup	شربه	- soap	صابون / مسلسل
*	Meal	وجبة	- diet	نظام غذائي
•	Menu	قائمة طعام	- list	قائمة اشياء – ناس
•	Dish	طبق / اکله	plate	طبق ۱ صحن
-				

- √ Be able to + infinitive he is able to climb the tree
- ✓ Be capable of + (v-ing) he is capable of climbing the tree.

Has \ have the ability to + infinitive

- ✓ She has the ability to speak Spanish.
- ✓ She can cook well.

to + infinitive بفعول + Enable

✓ The internet enables us to get much information.

❖ Dessert	حلويات	desert	صحراء يهجر	
		المات الاتبه:	ر بعد الموصوف مع الك	الصفه تاتم

✓ Something \ anything \ everything \ nothing \ someone \ anyone \ everyone\ none \ somebody \ anybody \ everybody \ nobody\somewhere \ anywhere \everywhere \nowhere

Ex: You have to get something ready to eat.

- ❖ Be right to \ have a \ the right to
 - ⊠ Right (adj.) = correct EX: They are right to think positively.
 - 🖾 a / the right (n.) EX: The public has the right to know about this
- حيي ذكري commemorate يحتفل Celebrate 💸
- ✓ I always celebrate my birthday by going to dinner.
- ✓ We commemorate those who lost their lives in 1973 war.

Enrich language

		7-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
250.1	Diverse = various \ varied \ miscellaneous	Discipline and respect	الانضباط والاحترام
h	Diversity =miscellany \ variety	In this respect	في هذا المجال
1	علي التوالي \ بالتتابع Respectively	Use rude rough	المعالظ له القول
	With respect to كخصوص كنيما يتعلق √ بخصوص	share the sorrow of	المشفق علي
Ġ	With this respect في هذا الصدد	emergency exit	مخرج طواريء



-				4-	
4	In respect of	فيما يتصل او يخص	exit poll	سطلاع را <i>ي</i>	1
	With all due respect	مع احترامي الشديد	truth will out	🥻 الحقيقه سوف تنكشف	
	Spend money like water	يصرف ببذخ	Be in a soup	🛂 في ورطه	22
-12					

Communicating opinions & beliefs

- Personally, I think it is important to
- **❖** It is believed that this
- **As you probably know**
- ❖ I understand that this is
- ***** But for me,
- ❖ In my opinion, in my point of view,.....
- It is thought that

Reading: An old fashioned thanksgiving

In September 1620, a ship called the Mayflower arrived in North America with 102 passengers. Many died, but some were able to grow food and survive with help from <u>Native</u> Americans.

Thanksgiving is a day when families get together to remember these events. It is celebrated in the USA every year on the fourth Thursday in November In 1882, Louisa M. Alcott wrote a short story called An *Old-Fashioned Thanksgiving*. Here is an extract

When they woke, there was still a large **amount** of snow outside. Tilly made a good breakfast for the seven children.

"Now, about dinner; she said as they all finished eating. "Ma said that we could have whatever we liked, but she didn't expect us to have a **traditional** Thanksgiving dinner" "Have you ever cooked a turkey?" asked Roxy

"Ma said I should decide what to do," replied Tilly
. All you children have to do is keep out of the way,
and **let** Prue and me work"

The younger children walked out of the kitchen and into another mom. As Tilly and Prue started to **prepare** *the* big meal, they got out all the spoons, dishes, pots and pans that they could find.

"Now, sister, we'll have dinner at five," said 'Filly. "Pa will be here by that time and he'll be surprised to find us ready to serve the food. There's such a lot to do, and I'm a bit worried about the turkey. It's so big. I know: said Prue. "I fed it all summer and now it will feed me, she laughed.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1.is a quantity of something
- as Amount b- A mount c- mount d- mounted
- 2. To do something fun to show that an event is special is to
- a-certify b- collaborate c- Celebrate d- corticated
- 3. To.....is to have a meal outside the home







b-eat out c- eat away c- eat in To meet people and spend time with them is to a Get together c- get up d- get away b- get in 5. is a time when something special happens. b- A chance c-An opportunity d- A coincidence a- An Occasion 6. Tois to get something ready to eat or use. b- precede c- prepend d-present a-Prepare 7. To Give people food and drink is to c- Serve a-Serf b- surf d-serpent 8.means old ways of doing things that don't change. b- traditional a-untraditional c- tragedy 9. she was at the limit of her patience. b- a right c- on the right of d-rightly a-The right 10. Everyone the right to say no or yes. b- has c- is a-have 11. Mr. Mohammed Elsont is careful his reputation. c- at d- on 12. As a teacher he was highly for his industry and patience. a-respected b- respectful c- respectable d-respect 13. Ali's loyalty to his friends had made him lies. b- mention c- tell 14. he liesher about his work and age. c- for 15. His solicitor was sent by the security guards. c- about daway 16. she has written for the....., television, and film. c- stage b- sag 17. She likes to involve herself in every of the film-making process. d- way c- branch b- time 18. There are plenty of options for vegetarians our menu. c- by b- onto d- on 19. the crew were busily ready for the departure.

a-Doing b- setting d- making d- having 20. She wasn't worried the fact that her daughter might be affected in the future because her parents were divorced. b- in b- bv d- about a-On 21. Visitors will be able some of the articles on display. a-of buying b- to buy c- buy d- for buying 22. I think it is important to make a study plan. b- personnel c- In person **d- personality** 23. Policy-makers should listen to popular opinion before making decisions. **a-popularity b- publicity c- popular 24.** Her favourite is roast chicken. d-popularized a-Plate b- dish c- dash c- course 25. They aim to become slimmer by following a b- dietitian c- diet 26. I've lost the money—I'm in the a-Soap b- soup c-sob



2% In the afternoon, one guest said, the bride was and brought to the part	у.
a-coming b- going c- getting d- fetched	
28. This woman is exceptional, she's, she's extraordinary and I have gre	at 📜
respect for her.	440
a-private b- especially c- special d- specialist	
29. He is strongly associated with Cambridge, but his city is London.	
a-National b- local c- nationality d- native	
30. There they fell asleep and slept peacefully, as lovers did when they were togeth	er.
a-Filled b- fell c- dropped d- flew	
31. When the forest disappears, so too will rich biological diversity be effected and	
disappear forever?	
a-Diverse b- diversion c- division d- diversity	
32. She began her own business with the she got from her grandfather	
a-Heritage b- heiress c- heredity d- inheritance	
33. There was no denying that dog is to his master	
a- loyalty b- disloyal c- liability d-loyal	
34. Please, use the emergency in case of fire.	
a-outlet b- excite c- exit d- exited	
$\overline{\mathbf{W}}$	
35. Mr. Ahmed did not buy his house. It wasfrom his parents.	
A- heritage b- heredity c- an inheritance d- heir	
36. My younger brother always tells theHe never lies.	
a-Truth b- true b- real d- reality	
37. It is natural to feelsometimes, but it is important to learn to control it.	
A-huger b- hungry c- anger 2024 d- banger	
38. We really wanted to climb the mountain, and we all felt very happy when we	
a-Fail b- fell c- filled d- succeeded	
39. The man in the market says that all his watches are new, but I don'thim	. т
	1. 1
a-see b- rustle c- trust d- trustee	
40. Do you think thatis the most important quality that a best friend ca	n
	11
41. My grandmother had a smallas a cleaner, but she never had very much	
money.	
A-outcome b-come in c-overcome d-income	
42. This email asking for money says it is from the bank, but I think it is trying	
tous.	
a-take up b- deceive c- deceit d- decent	
43. You can go into the building one way and through a different door.	
a-exist b- exegete c- exaggerate d- exit	
Translate into Arabic:	04000
in Egypt and grow more مساحة الارض المزروعه in Egypt and grow more انقص الغذاء Food shortage نقص الغذاء a problem that is facing تواجه	
must make a plan to avoid famines	, we
Translate into English	(Second
مصر الان في حاجه ماسه urgent need لمزيد من الجهود effortsوالتعاون cooperation والتضحيه sacrifice	1-1
to regain \ restore مكانتها its rank في المنطقه.	
لعلم والمعرفه knowledge هما اساس basis تقدم progress اي دوله .	-



Focus on language

صفات المقارنة :Comparative adjectives

♦ تستخدم الصفات عادة مع فعل to be وأفعال أخري مثل / look / seem / appear / taste / feel وأفعال أخري مثل / sound / smell:

• It was cold.

• She **looks** ill.

• The food smells bad.

♦ نضيف er في حالة الصفات القصيرة:

cheap	cheaper	large	larger	quiet	quieter
narrow	narrower	simple	simpler	clever	cleverer
clever	cleverer	rich	richer	stupid	stupider

♦ نضيف er في حالة الصفات القصيرة التي تنتهي ب y بعد تغيير y إلى i:

lucky	luckier	funny	funnier	happy	happier
easy	easier	pretty	prettier	heavy	heavier
wealthy	wealthier	healthy	healthier		

♦إذا انتهت الصفة القصيرة بحرف متحرك يليه ساكن نضاعف الحرف الأخير

bi**g bigger hot hotter fat fatter**

اذا كانت الصفة القصيرة تنتهى ب e نضيف في المقارنة r فقط وفي التفضيل st

Wide wider widest nice nicer nicest

♦ في حالة الصفات الطويلة نستخدم:

more / less than

more / less expensive than more / less terrifying than

♦ في حالة التساوي في الصفة نستخدم:

as + adj./adv. + as

♦ John is **as tall as** Peter

♦في حالة النفي نستخدم:

not as / so + adj./ adv. + as

← Hassan isn't as old as Peter. (older/younger)
Peter is older than Hassan

تطبيق التعلم التفاعلي.Hassan is younger than Peter

✓ I don't know as many people as you do. (more/fewer) You know more people than I do.

I know fewer people than you do.

✓ Frank isn't as rich as Joe. (richer)
Joe is richer than Frank.

The test was **not as difficult as** I thought. (easier) The test was **easier than** I thought.

✓ I didn't expect her to be so smart. (smarter)
She was **smarter than** I expected.

ميكن استخدام /slightly / even / a bit / much /a lot / a little / far قبل صفات المقارنة:

Going by bus is **a lot cheaper than** going by plane.

Going by plane is **much more** expensive.

You have to move a bit faster.

detter هي well والمقارنة من ill هي worse والمقارنة من well هي

She feels much better today. He was so ill yesterday. He's even worse today.



صفات التفضيل :Superlative adjectives

م حالة الصفات القصيرة تتكون صيغة التفضيل من:

the est

deepthe deepestoldthe oldesthighthe highestshortthe shortestcleverthe cleverestrichthe richest

stupid the stupidest

♦ في حالة الصفات الطويلة تتكون صيغة التفضيل من:

the most / the least

interesting the most / the least interesting expensive the most / the least expensive

مفات شاذة :Irregular adjectives

good better best bad worse worst

much many

far

farther/further

farthest / furthest

more

little less least

♣ Further = more **♣** Are there any **further** questions?

most

♣most + adj. (without the) = very

• The article I've just read was most interesting. = very interesting

first / second / third,..etc التفضيل من الصفة مع الكلمات *

Alexandria is the second largest city in Egypt.

* لا تستخدم the قبل صفة التفضيل في حالة وجود ضمير ملكية قبل الصفة:

It was his biggest achievement in Chemistry.

م يمكن استخدام less فبل الصفات القصيرة

He is **less tall than** his friend. = He is **not as tall as** his friend

= His friend is **taller** than him.

= He is not the **same height as** his friend.

the same + n. + as = as + adj. + as

٩ لاحظ الاسم من الصفات الآتية:

long	Length	expensive	price
wide	width	big	size
old	age	far	distance
deep	depth	high	height

Your house is **as high as** mine. (height)

Your house is **the same height** as mine.

The red shirt is **as expensive as** the white shirt.(price)

The red shirt is **the same price** as the white shirt.

Adjectives ending in -ly: الصفات المنتهية بـ

friendly friendlier friendliest lovely lovelier loveliest silly sillier silliest



تخدام صفات المقارنة في هذا التركيب هذا التركيب على أن شيء يعتمد على آخر

the less the less the more the more the + adi.-er the + adj.-er

- ♦ The harder you study, the higher marks you get.
- ♦ You eat a lot. You become fat. (The more...)
 - •The more you eat the fatter you become.
- ♦ If we leave early, we'll arrive soon. (The earlier...)
 - •The earlier we leave, the sooner we will arrive.
- ♦ You use much electricity. Your bill will be high. (The more..)
- •**The more** electricity you use, **the higher** your bill will be.

♦ لاحظ استخدام in مع الأماكن بعد صفة التفضيل

The longest river **in** the world (Not: of the world)

The best student **in** the class / **The best** player **in** the team

♦ لاحظ استخدام المضارع التام بعد صفة التفضيل

- This is the loveliest card I've ever received.
- It's **the most boring** film I'**ve** ever **seen**.

♦ لاحظ شكل الضمير بعد than (يستخدم ضمير فاعل إذا كان بعده فعل و ضمير مفعول في حالة عدم وجود فعل):

• He is taller than **me/him/her**.

But: He is taller than I am / he is/ she is.

- •They earn more money than us. But: They earn more money than we do
 - ♦ يمكن استخدام صفتى مقارنة للدلالة على التغير المستمر في شيء
 - ♦ و لاحظ أن الصفة بعد and تأخذ نفس شكل الصفة قبلها.
- It's becoming **harder and harder** to find a job.
- It's becoming more and more difficult to find a job.
- These days more and more people are learning English.
- The weather is getting **colder and colder**.

لاحظ استخدام الصفة في هذا التركيب:

It (be) + adj. + of + someone + to do something (nice / kind / stupid / silly / clever / polite / careless)

- ♣It is kind of you to help me.
- ♣It was careless of Jack to leave the door unlocked.
- ♣It was very generous of Ann to lend us the money.

و لاحظ أنه إذا كانت الجملة منفية نستخدم not to:

(It was careless) • The boy didn't study his lessons well.

It was careless of the boy not to study his lessons well.

Choose the correct answer from a. b. c. or d:

This is the test I've ever taken.

b- harder c-less hard d- hardest

2-It was wronghim to neglect his study. c- of

b- for 2nd secondary d- to



3-He was not		as h	is colleagues.	3
a-cooperative	e b- as cooper	ative c-more cooperati	ve d-less cooperativ	V
4-He is not	re	eliable as his friend.		
a-so	b- more	c– less	d- lessen	
5- My flat is		than yours.		
		c- bigger	d- the biggest	
6-You didn't d	lo as	work as I di	d.	
	b- less		d- much	
7-Her friend is	S	than her.		
a-wealthy	b- wealth	niest c- wealthier	d- wealthiest	
8- My car is		small than yours.		
a-less	b- more	c- least	d- most	
9-Nobody in o	our company is	Peter.		
		as c- most efficient t	han d- as efficient	
10-It was	C	of her to waste all her mon	iey.	
a-more foolis	h than b-	less foolish c- foolis	sh d- least foolish	1
11-Laptops ar	e becoming	popular nov	wadays.	
a-less and mo	ore b- more ai	nd less c- much and mo	ore d- more and more	
12-She was as	tonished	some of her old friends	at the party.	
		c- of seeing		
		John to the party. He's a		
a-bored	b- bores	c- boring	d- to bore	
14-Mike has n	nuch	c- boring money than me		
		c- the least		
15	people are e	ntering the competition tl	his year than last year.	
		v more c- Less	-	
16-The	fat you	eat, the healthier you beco	ome.	
a-less	b- least	G Pc-most P P	d- much	
17-The white		but I think the red one is ϵ		
a-pretty	b- pretties	st , _lcc+prettier== ,	d-most pretty	
18- I don't r	ead as	c- prettier books as you do.	J	
	b- more			
19-Azza is the		student in our class.		
a-intelligent	b- more intel	ligent c-less intellige	nt d- most intelligent	
20-London is		beautiful than Amste	rdam.	
a-more	b- as	c– much	d – so	
21-The Red Se	ea is not	big as the Medite	erranean.	
a-so	b- much	c- less	d- more	
22- Climbing	is	dangerous sport in tl	ne world.	
		ess c- the most		
23-The patien	t is	better today.		
a-lightly	b- lastly	c- slightly	d- brightly	
24- The Nile is	5	river in the world.	- •	
		nger c- more lon	g d- as long as	-
The state of the s		book I've ever read. I lik		



b- much c- most d- least interesting 26- The Indian Ocean isas the Pacific ocean. b- not so deep c- so deep d- deeper a-more deep 27-Yesterday I was sick. Today I feel..... b-better a-more better d- as good 28-John is than he was yesterday. b-sickest c-sicker d- much sick 29- .The boys are today than they were yesterday. b-more happy c-happy a-Happier d- much happy 30-My sister is two years than me. b-so young c- younger d-the youngest a-voung 31-Do you know what animal in the world is? b-slow as c-slower d- the slowest 32-think spring is season of the year. a-beautiful b-very beautiful c-more beautiful d-the most beautiful 33-Maths is to me than biology. c-more important d-the most important a-important b- so important 34-Helen is ballet dancer in our city. b- good as c-better d- the best a-good 35-That test was than the previous one last week. c-more difficult b- so difficult a-difficult d-the most difficult 36- Tom has got message from his parents. b-long as c-longer d-the longest a-long 37- English is for me than Chinese. b-very easy c-easier d-the easiest 38-My phone is than my sister's phone. b-so expensive c-more expensive d-the most expensive 39- Last winter was winter in our country. a- cold b-cold as d-the coldest c-colder 40- Pam's mobile is than mine. b-very beautiful c- more beautiful d-the most beautiful 41- This car is car produced by this company. a-new b-so new c-newer d- the newest 42- What continent is America or Africa? b- very large c-larger d- the largest 43- Do you know who woman in the world is? b- so fast a-fast c-faster d-the fastest 44- Mary is than Ben in my class. b-clever as c-cleverer d-the cleverest 45- Who isrunner: Tom or Sam? b-very bad c-worse d-the worst 46-This information is for me than the previous one. b- useful as d-the most useful c-more useful 17-When was summer in your country! a-hot b-very hot c-hotter d- the hottest



48-Bob is than my elder brother.

a-tall b-tall as c-taller d- the tallest

49-Can you name building in the world?

a-high b- so high c-higher d-the highest

10- A) Translate into Arabic:

Most young people today are substandard in culture and knowledge. TV took us away from reading and attending lectures and symposia ندوات . Our educational system doesn't develop the creative and intellectual faculties.

B) Translate into English:

١- كان للعلماء و المفكرين العرب تأثير كبير على الثقافة الغربية.

- يجب أن يستغل الشباب أوقات فراغهم في خدمة البيئة وممارسة الأنشطة الرياضية.

٦- ان التعاون هو أساس النجاح في الحياة الحديثة .

١- تبذل الحكومة كل ما بوسعهاً does its utmost لحل to solve المشكلات الاجتماعية social و الاقتصادية economic في مصر.

٢- من حقك it is your right to أأن تعبر express عن رأيك ولكن يجب عليك أن تحترم respect آراء الأخرين.
 قد أكون عند البعض علامة استفهام وعند البعض الأخر علامة تعجب ولكنى بالتأكيد علامة فارقه فى عقول وقلوب من عاشرونى

Test unit 2

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:	
1. Which is theboys' name in your class?	
A popular B biggest C most popula 2. This book wasthan the last one she wrote. I do	r D population
2. This book wasthan the last one she wrote. I d	lidn't like it.
A bad B best C worst D worse	
3. Let'stogether this weekend. It would be	nice to see you!
A have B get C make D do	
4. My mother hasa delicious meal of chicker	n and rice.
A prepared B celebrated C done	
5. Do you prefer sweet food like chocolate orfood s	uch as fish and nuts?
A salt B salty C spicy D small	
A salt B salty C spicy D small 6. Did you know that Indian food is one of the	foods in the UK?
A most popular B poor C best popular D p	opular
7. He isof the couple.	
a-tall b-taller c- tallest d- the tallest	
8. He writes English better than	
a-I b-me c-me do d-mine	
9. Manal has money than her friend.	
a- fewer b- much c- much more d- lit	ttle
10. Gamal is as tall as Omar. They are of the same	
a-tall b-highness c-height d-weight	
11. This woman is exceptional, she's, she's extra	ordinary and I have
great respect for her.	4
a _z private b- especially c- special d- sp	pecialist

13. To.....

b- to

.....is to have a meal outside the home

2. He lies and age.

c- for



a-eat up b-eat out c- eat away c- eat in

14. He is an idiot, he spends money like d- noting

15. She was inwhen she found out that she had been robbed of all her money.

a- soap b- slippery c- mud d- soup

16. He left for home when he finishedall his work.

a- to do b- do c- doing d- to doing

2. Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Coral reefs are one of the most fragile, biologically complex, and diverse marine ecosystems on Earth. This ecosystem نظام بيئي is one of the fascinating paradoxes مفارقات is one of the fascinating paradoxes معيط حيوي for the biosphere غزير الانتاج and productive communities? Part of the answer lies within the tissues and productive communities? Part of the answer lies within the tissues والمناح المناح ا

Unfortunately for coral reefs, however, a variety of human activities are causing worldwide degradation فحله of shallow مبيئات المواطن marine habitats فعلى بيئات المواطن by adding nutrients to the water. Agriculture, slash-and-burn land clearing, sewage disposal القاء and manufacturing that creates waste by-products all increase nutrient loads in these waters. Typical symptoms اعراض of reef decline are destabilized غير مستقر populations and an increasing abundance اكلي العشب populations and an increasing abundance اكلي العشب in reef communities are consistent with observations that nutrient input is increasing in direct proportion to growing human populations, thereby threatening reef communities sensitive to subtle changes in nutrient input activities waters.

تطبيق التعلم الت Choose the correct answer from a, b ,c or d

- 1- The passage is primarily concerned with
-)a) describing the effects of human activities on algae in coral reefs
-)b) explaining how human activities are posing a threat to coral reef communities
- c) discussing the process by which coral reefs deteriorate in nutrient-poor waters
- (d) explaining how coral reefs produce food for themselves
- 2. The passage suggests which of the following about coral reef communities?
- (a) Coral reef communities may actually be more likely to thrive in waters that are relatively low in nutrients.
- (b) The nutrients on which coral reef communities thrive are only found in shallow waters.
- (c) Human population growth has led to changing ocean temperatures, which threatens coral reef communities.
- (d) The growth of coral reef communities tends to destabilize underwater herbivore populations.
- 3. The author refers to "filter-feeding animals" in order to



- (a) provide an example of a characteristic sign of reef deterioration
- (b) explain how reef communities acquire sustenance for survival
- (c) identify a factor that helps herbivore populations thrive
- (d) indicate a cause of decreasing nutrient input in waters that reefs inhabit
- 204. According to the passage, which of the following is a factor that is threatening the survival of coral reef communities?
- (a) The waters they inhabit contain few nutrient resources.
- (b) A decline in nutrient input is disrupting their symbiotic relationship with zooxanthellae.
- (c) The degraded waters of their marine habitats have reduced their ability to carry out photosynthesis.
- (d) Waste by-products result in an increase in nutrient input to reef communities.

 Answer the following questions:

.....

.....

- 5- Why does the author describes coral reef communities as paradoxical?
- 6 Do you think that man is to be blamed for declining in the reef communities?why?
- 7 What is the best title of the passage?
- 8 What role do the tissues of the coral play to help their community survive?

.....

3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) about how to your favourite dish .

2024

4 - A)Translate into Arabic: GP

We can't solve all our problems but we can find solutions to some of them . Man is the one who creates problems that's why he ought to overcome them.

B) Translate into English:

- مصر تحتاج الان العقول الذكية القادرة علي الابتكار حتى ننهض ببلدنا .
- تبذل الحكومة قصارى جهدها Does its utmost لتمكن Enable المواطن المصرى من مجابهة Face ارتفاع نفقات المعيشة
 - تبذل الحكومة جهدا عظيما Does great effort لاستصلاح جزءا من الصحراء وتحويله الى حقول خضراء لتوفير Provide .. for لكل مواطن.







Unit 3 The Future of the food

Agriculture	زراعه	Solution	حل	Dry	جاف \ يجفف
Crop	محصول	Increase	یزید	Wet	مبلل
Innovation	ابداع / ابتكار	ض فضاء Space	فضاء \ فراغ \ ار	Researchers	باحثون
Earth	الارض	Percent	في المائه	Continue	يستمر
Livestock	ماشية	Keep	يربي	Chemicals	مواد كيماويه
Production	انتاج	Crops	محاصيل	Expect	يتوقع
Source	مصدر	Burger	برجر	۱ بنود Articles	مقالات / ادوان
Sustainable	مستديم	Laboratory	معمل	Remove	يزيل
Variety	تشكيلة	Difference	فرق \ اختلاف	Sea levels	مستويات البحر
Algae	طحالب	Real	حقيقي	Rise - rose - r	يرتفع isen
Giant	عملاق	Taste	يتذوق \ ذوق	Effect	تأثير
Replace	يحل محل	Face	يواجه ١ وجه	Climate	مناخ
Decades	عقود من السنين	Fashion	موضة	Brainstorm	عصف ذهني
Tasty	لذيذ	Solve	يحل	فر Save	ینقذ ۱ یدخر ۱ یو
Unusual	غير عادي	Climate	مناخ	Energy	طاقه
Essay	مقاله	Rainforests	غابات ممطرة	Protect	يحمي
Negative	سلبي	Destroy	يدمر	Seaweed	عشب بحري
Surface	سطح	Ocean	محيط	Improve	يحسن
Behave	يتصرف	Disguise 20	يتنكر 24	Encourage	يشجع
Cart	عربة كارو	Wise	مذنب	Rude	وقح
Attendants	حراس	Guilty	مذنب	Attack	يهاجم
Conclude	يستنتج	Pull	يجر	يقطع cut down	يخفض \ يققل \ ب
seriously	بخطورة	Extraordinary	غير عادي ١ مذهل	Local	محلي
Hydroponics ۶۱	زراعة النبات في الم	Insects	حشرات	Predict	يتنبأ
Surprisingly	مفاجأة \ مندهشا	وبية Antarctica	القارة القطبية الجن	Contain	يحتوي علي
Flow	ِ ت دفق	Argue	يجادل	Reuse	يعيد استخدام
Fool	احمق	Evidence	دلیل	urban farming	زراعة في المدن

Definitions

Agriculture	the work, business, or study of farming
Crop	a plant grown for food, usually on a farm
ابداع Innovation	The Invention or use of a new idea, method, piece of equipment .
Earth	The planet on which we live. the planet Earth
Livestock	Farm animals
Production	the process of making or growing things in large quantities,

Prepositions & Expressions

Focus on	يركز علي	Deal with	مع	يتعامل
Due to + v-ing \ n)	بفضل - بسبب	According to		طبقا ل
Breathe in \ out	یتنفس (یشهق یزفر)	Almost\nearly=aro	und	تقريبا
By about 70 percent	بحوالي ٧٠ %	جمله + Instead	ذنك	بدلاً أمن



				AT MARK
Look for	يبحث عن	Instead of +v-ing\n		بدلا من
Involve +(n.)\v-ing	يتضمن	Feel about	يشعر بخصوص	
Tell the difference	يقول الفرق	(مصدر+Continue (to	(n.)	يستمر في
اسم يعد جمع + Too many	كثيرا جدا	اسم لا يعد+ Too much		کثیر جدا
Have a negative effect on		ں مفرد +… Neither of	فعز	ولا واحد من
Get warmer \ colder\ hotter	یزداد دفء ابرد ۱ سخونه	Find out		يكتشف
Reason for	سبب تبريري ل	Cause of		سبب ملموس
In one hundred years' time	خلال مائة عام و	By the end of(+n.)		بنهاية
Solution to	حل ل	Good for		مید
Good to	حنون علي	In the case of		في حالة
Give opinion on	يعطي رأي بخصوص	Rude to		وقح مع
In twenty years' time	خلال مدة عشرين سنه	In the end,		في النهاية
Cut down	يقطع \ قطع	Feed – fed		يطعم
Look after	يعتني ب	Persuadeto		يقنع ان

Derivatives

	Dolliditos		
<u>Verb</u>	Noun	<u>Adjective</u>	
یبدع \ یبتکر Innovate	Innovation \ innovator	اnnovative مبدع	
	Agriculture	agricultural	
Produce	Production \ produce \	Productive	
	product		
يهيل او يغطي بتراب Earthup	Earth \ earthlings سكان الارض	ارضي Earthly	
Sustain	Sustain \ sustainability	Sustainable	
Solve	Solution	Solvable	
Argue with\for	Argument	Arguable \ argumentative	
\against\about			
Expect	Expectation	Expectable	
Affect	Effect	Effective	
Remove	Removal	Removed	
Encourage	Encouragement	Encouraging	
Dry	Dryer, drying	Dried تطبیر	
	11 - 4	<i>p</i>	

<u>Antonyms</u>

Agriculture	industry
Sustainable	Unsustainable - unmaintainable-
Fool	Sage \ wise
Giant	Miniature \ tiny
Tasty	Tasteless
Increase	Decrease, cut , decline , lessen , fall
Real	Unreal, incredible, imaginary, false
Wise	Unwise , foolish , rash , risky , imprudent
Guilty	Innocent , unashamed
Drv	Wet, moist, humid, damp, sultry

farming, cultivation, tillage, tilling, husbandry, land management, farm management, crofting, agronomy Agriculture



## Farth الرض -world, globe, planet, sphere, orb -soil, topsoil, , clay, silt, dirt, ground, -den, lair, burrow, warren, tunnel, hole, cave -den, lair, burrow, warren, tunnel,	- 28	752	
Crop	الارض Earth	-world, globe, planet, sphere, orb	
Crop		-soil, topsoil, , clay, silt, dirt, ground,	
gleaning, garnering - fruit Innovation -change, alteration, revolution, upheaval, transformation, metamorphosis, reorganization, restructuring, rearrangement, recasting, remodelling, renovation, restyling, variation Livestock - farm animals, cattle, beasts Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	عرین - کھف Earth	-den, lair, burrow, warren, tunnel, hole, cave	
Innovation -change, alteration, revolution, upheaval, transformation, metamorphosis, reorganization, restructuring, rearrangement, recasting, remodelling, renovation, restyling, variation Livestock - farm animals, cattle, beasts Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	Crop	-harvest, year's growth, yield, produce, vintage, gathering, reaping,	
metamorphosis, reorganization, restructuring, rearrangement, recasting, remodelling, renovation, restyling, variation Livestock - farm animals, cattle, beasts Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover		gleaning, garnering - fruit	
recasting, remodelling, renovation, restyling, variation Livestock - farm animals, cattle, beasts Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	Innovation	-change, alteration, revolution, upheaval, transformation,	
Livestock - farm animals, cattle, beasts Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover		metamorphosis, reorganization, restructuring, rearrangement,	
Sustain - Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover		recasting, remodelling, renovation, restyling, variation	
Production Fabrication - creation - manufacture Variety Diversity - variation - variety - Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	Livestock	- farm animals, cattle, beasts	
Variety Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	Sustain	- Support - nourish, nurture- withstand - endure - stand	
Giant Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Production	Fabrication - creation - manufacture	
Replace Substitute - change - exchange - interchange Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Variety	Diversity - variation - variety -	
Tasty Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask , camouflage , cover	Giant	Massive - enormous - colossal - gigantic - huge - titanic - vast	
Unusual Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Replace	Substitute - change - exchange - interchange	
Behave Conduct - act - perform Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\escalate\grow\proliferate Evidence Proof\sign Effect Impact\influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Tasty	Delicious \ flavorsome \ appetizing	
Solution Answer - resolution Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Unusual	Rare - uncommon - infrequent - unfamiliar - scarce	
Increase (v.) Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Behave	Conduct - act - perform	
Evidence Proof \ sign Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Solution	Answer - resolution	
Effect Impact\ influence Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Increase (v.)	Rise\ escalate \ grow\ proliferate	
Face Confront Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Evidence	Proof \ sign	
Disguise Mask, camouflage, cover	Effect	Impact\ influence	
	Face	Confront	
Dry Arid, dehydrated, waterless	Disguise	Mask, camouflage, cover	
	Dry	Arid, dehydrated, waterless	

Language notes

farming - علم الزراعه و تربية المواشي farming -

فلاحة

Most of the population is employed in agriculture and fishing.

Earth (n.) الأرض = the globe

- earth (n.)

تراب \ ادیم \سلك تیار ارضی

The floor is bare earth.

The Moon goes round the Earth.

(the Earth's surface)

تطبيق التعلم ال They studied life on Earth in all its forms.

- harvest

vield - پحصد \ حصاد

غلة \ ناتج

That year, crop failure led to widespread famine.

It was harvest time.

The land yields grapes and tobacco.

لذيذ مذاق

tasteful

حسن الذوق في السلوك

This restaurant serves very tasty dishes.

Please keep your answers clean and tasteful

Enrich language

Down to earth(information)	معلومات عمليه	horticulture	العمل في الحدائق\ البستنه
the earth's	القشرة الارضيه	floriculture	زراعة الزهور
crust of the Earth	القشرة الارضية	Earthly/worldly	خبیر \ ذو تفکیر مادي minded
حلق∖ زور= Erop (.n.) throat= pharynx		Earthly / worldly	wise _ ذو خبره في
صد =یحدث Crop = prune = cut	يقص \ يقلم - يحم	resourceful	للشخص لكل العصور
A taste of her own medicine		افعاله)	شرب من نفس الكأس (يذوق نتاج
			ALC:



Writing an essay

Read this essay about the future of farming. Why will there be less land for farmers in the future?

- **This essay will focus on** the future of agriculture.
- First, I will explain the reason why agriculture needs to change. After that we will look at several ways that agriculture could change. Finally, I will give my opinion on what farmers should do to prepare for the future.
- The Earth's surface is heating up and soon there will be less land that farmers can use.
- In the case of Africa, the continent could lose up to 18 percent of its farm land in the next fifty years. As a result, farmers will need to farm their and even more efficiently.
- **Due to the fact that** there will be less land available for agriculture in the future, farmers will need to grow a greater variety of crops. Evidence suggests that keeping livestock will not be sustainable and we may start the production of new sources of food, like algae, instead.
- In my view, farmers should see this is as a chance to try new things and to start using new technology, such as robots, on their farms, They should start doing this immediately so they're prepared for the future.
- **To conclude**, agriculture is clearly going to change a lot over the next few decades

Reading: The future of farming

According to the United Nations, there will be almost 10 billion people in the world by 2050. As a result, we will have to increase our food production by about 70 percent. However, farmers do not have space to keep more livestock and grow more crops. Instead, they'll need to look for more sustainable solutions and this will involve producing a wider variety of food.

How would you feel about eating a burger that was grown in a laboratory? Scientists think that it could be more sustainable than keeping livestock. Some of the people who have eaten these burgers say that they can't tell the difference between the new burgers and real meat.

Researchers from the United Nations have found that some kinds of agriculture are seriously damaging the land. This is not

An introduction the topic

Three points that the essay will include

A supporting example

Factual information

A link to the paragraph before

Your opinion

The conclusion







dstainable. If farming continues to cause so much damage, there won't be enoug and left for food production. In Europe, most of the damage is due to farmers using too many chemicals, so they will need to find new ways to help their crops grow. In

too many onomically to they will need to may to help their crops growing
southern Africa, the problem is that there is too much rain in the summer. In the
future, we can expect that farmers in southern Africa will be using innovations in
technology to remove water from the land and use it elsewhere.
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
44. Bread came before and agriculture came before culture.
A – agriculture b- farming c- horticulture d- floriculture
45. The blades ploughed gently into the soft
A-land b- earth c- ground d- dust
46. The fox ran back to its
a-earth b- ground c- dent d- shelter
47. Last year we had a bumper of strawberries.
a-Harvest b- production c- manufacture d- crop
48. he maintained her reputation for being a resourceful problem-solver.
a-source b-resource c-sourceful d- resourceful
49. Farmers work longer hours during the harvest. a-crop b- harvest c- yield d- produce
a-crop b- harvest c- yield d- produce
50. They favoured the traditional approach and resisted
a-innovation b- renew c- insolation d- devolve
51is the work, business, or study of farming
a-farming b- horticulture c- floriculture d-agriculture
52is a plant grown for food, usually on a farm
a-Crop b- Harvest c- Reap d- Commodity
53is the invention or use of a new idea, method, piece of equipment
a- Innovation b- Discovery c- Excavation d- Activation
54is the process of making or growing things in large quantities,
especially in a factory or on a farm, so that they can be sold
a-Produce b- Fabricate c- Production d- Innovation
55. According to the United Nations, there will be 10 billion people in the
world by 2050.
a-most b- mostly c- almost d- a mostly
56. Arab traders took Islam to the area in the twelfth century, possibly even earlier.
a-about b-most c- near d- approximate
57. The President pleads for agricultural and self-sufficiency.
a-production b- productive c- produce d- reproduction
58. The government took the initiative to send seed and livestock to these farms.
a-life stock b- in stock c-livestock d- Stackhouse
59. We've got to deal with the environment, get adevelopment running in this country
a-sustain b- sustainable c-sustainability d- unsustainable
60. Can you the difference between produce and production?

a-to use

b- mention

b-use

c- using

c- tell

61. Most of the damage is due to farmers too many chemicals

d- imply

d- reuse



7	62. If farming continues to cause so much damage, there won't be enough land
San Park	for food production.
	a-leaving b- left c- lifted d- be left
	63. Population growth in this country is exploding, in large part to immigration legal and illegal.
	a-thanks b-due c- because d- due to
	64. Smoking has a bad effect health.
	a-for b- on c- in d- by
	65. Let's use one of Einstein's techniques to understand the solution this puzzle.
	a-for b- on c- about d- to
	66. He neither answered themlooked at them.
	a-nor b- or c- and d- for
	67 of the play, the audience clapped for the actors.
	a-In the end b- by the end c- at the end d- at the final
	WB
	68. Around 30% of Egyptians work in farming and
	a-culture b-agriculture c-floriculture d- harvesting
	69. It is notto use petrol in cars, as one day, we will have no more oil.
	a-sustainable b-sustaining c-unsustainable d- resuscitation
	70. My uncle keepson his farm, such as sheep and goats.
	a-life stock b- livestock c- living stock d- home stock
	71. The weather has been very good for the cottonthis year.
	a-harvest b- crop c- produce d- outcome
	a-harvest b- crop c- produce d- outcome 72. Foodwent up after the company bought new equipment for its factory.
	a-production b- produce c- yield d- outcome
	73. Technologicalmeans that we can now make seawater safe to drink.
	a-activation b-innovation c- invent d- discovery
	74. Theof crops grown on that farm is huge.
	a-various b- variety c- variables d- variable
	and the state of t
	Translate into Arabic : Hard work is the keyعلاج to success نجاح . The doctor can succeed in curing
	patients when he is honest and works hard. If the farmer works hard, food
	and there won't be food shortage يزداد if the worker انقص غذاء
	works hard, we'll produce more goods بضائع and we'll export too. So hard work leads يودي الي success in every field يودي الي
	Translate into English
	- تحتفلcelebrate كل أسرة في مصر بعيد الأمmother's day في الحادي والعشرون من مارس كل عام. (ثعم ١٩٨٨).
(- يعد إنشاء setting up الكثير من مكتبات الطفل خطوة step هامة نحو إثراء to enrich ثقافة culture الطفل. (ث٠ع ٩٩٠
	- تلعب الرياضة دوراً هاماً في تشكيلforming شخصية الفرد وجسمه.
	- تولى الحكومة اهتماما كبيرأgives much care to لإقامة المشروعات في توشكي في الوادي الجديد. (ث ٢٠٠٣).
	- تنشأ المكتبات العامة في كل مكان لتشجيع أفرادالأسرة family members على القراءة. (ث٠ع ٢٠٠٥)
	Future forms
i i	1-Future Simple زمن المستقبل البسيط
H	will / shall + المصدر + المصدر + will / shall + يتكون المستقبل البسيط من:
g.	🥙 expect I will ('ll) see you tomorrow.

When will she get here?

- We shall probably go to Alex. In the summer.



للحظ استخدام will مع كل الضمائر واستخدام shall مع I/we فقط:

يستخدم المستقبل البسيط مع كلمات مثل:

Next year / in the future / soon / in a year / tomorrow / this time next week This time tomorrow/ in 2030ete

- I'll travel tomorrow morning.

- They will arrive soon.

• لاحظ استخدام المستقبل البسيط غالبا مع:

I expect / I'm sure / I think / probably\ possibly /I hope / I believe / I feel sure / Perhaps / I know / I wonder / I suppose

- I expect he will win the first prize.
- I don't think she will get the job.
- Perhaps it will rain tomorrow.

• ويستخدم المستقبل البسيط مع If في الحالة الأولى:

- If it rains, we **will** stay at home.

ر استخدامات will:

- I'll be 16 next week.

- تعبر will عن حقائق مستقبلية (future facts).
- تستخدم will للتنبؤ عن أحداث مستقبلية (predictions).
- I'll probably be away for a week.

• تعبر will عن قرار سريع (quick decision).

I'll have coffee, please

- تستخدم will في العرض (offer) و كذلك في الطلب (request)
- I'll go shopping with you if you like. (Offer)
- Will you look at my homework tonight, please? (Request)
 - تستخدم will للتهديد (threat).

- I'll resign if I don't get a pay rise.

مضارع بسيط أو تام + Will + inf. + when/as soon as/after/before/till/until

- <u>I'll leave</u> the office <u>after</u> I <u>finish</u> (<u>have finished</u>) my work.
- I'll finish my work before I leave (have left) the office.
- I won't leave the office until I finish (have finished) my work.

استخدامات shall:

- تستخدم shall مع I / we.
- <u>I / we shall</u> go to Assiut next month. • تستخدم shall لعمل اقتراحات (suggestions) و في العرض (offer).
- <u>Shall</u> I meet you on Friday? (suggestion)
- Shall we have a party? (Suggestion)
- Shall I help you with your homework? (Offer)

2) Be going to

- I'm going to watch the TV news before I go to bed.
- He isn't going to visit his uncle until Saturday.
- Watch out! The baby is going to fall.
 - تستخدم going to للتعبير عن خطط (plans) و نوايا (intentions) و قرارات (decisions).
- We're saving up because we're going to buy a car.
- I'm going to make some coffee. Do you want some?
- My sister is going to apply for a place at medical school. When I get home, I'm going to watch the news on TV.

منتخدم going to للتنبؤ بحدث في المستقبل و يوجد له دليل (مادي ملموس مسموع - مرئي) الآن.

- think I'm going to fail this exam. I haven't done much work.
- think it's going to rain. The sky's looking very dark.



I just read the weather report. It's going to be sunny.

Watch out! The baby is going to fall.

She's very ill. I'm afraid she's going to die.

الصفات الثابته ليست دليل على حدوث الفعل

He is an intelligent person. I think he will succeed He is alone with the goalkeeper, he is going to score a goal.

Be going to = intend to \ plan to \ decide to

زمن المضارع المستمر The present continuous

• يعبر المضارع المستمر عن حدث في المستقبل تم الترتيب له و هو محدد وبدأ تنفيذه.

- He's travelling to Assiut tomorrow. (He's got his ticket.)
- I'm going home in half an hour. (I've arranged it with the boss.)
- She's flying to India in the summer. (She's arranged that)
- I'm not doing anything tomorrow. (I've arranged that)
- Tomorrow, we are visiting friends. (We've arranged that)
- I can't see you tomorrow. We're visiting relatives.

زمن المضارع البسيط The present simple

• يعبر المضارع البسيط عن حدث مؤكد في المستقبل بسبب جدول مواعيد الخاص مثلا بوسائل المواصلات و السينما و المدرسة و جداول الامتحانات.

- The course starts in October.
- This lesson doesn't finish until 2.30.
- My plane leaves at 7.30 in the morning.

5 - (Future Continuous)

will be + v.ing

- يستخدم المستقبل المستمر للتنبؤ بحدث سوف يكون متواصل الحدوث في وقت ما أو خلال فترة محددة في المستقبل:

- The government will be trying to reduce the effects of climate change.
- Between 2020 and 2030, we will be helping people with diabetes.
- You'll recognize me when you get there. I'll be wearing jeans and a white t-shirt.
- Please, don't come at 9 o'clock. She'll be sleeping at that time.
 - يستخدم المستقبل المستمر للتعبير عن شئ تم الترتيب او التخطيط لحدوثه في المستقبل:
- Don't ring at 8 o'clock. I'll be having dinner with my family.
- I'll be playing tennis tomorrow from 7 to 9 p.m.
- This time next week, Lwill be travelling to Cairo

- كما يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث سوف يكون مستمرا عندما يقطعه حدث آخر أو عندما يتم حدث آخر في المستقبل.

- You will be waiting for her when her plane arrives tonight.
- I will be staying at the Hotel, if anything happens and you need to contact me.
- He will be studying at the library tonight, so he won't see you when you arrive. - كما يستخدم للتعبير عن حدثين سيستمران معا في نفس الوقت في المستقبل. (توازي)
- At the party tomorrow, Ahmed will be singing while Sarah will be dancing.
- I will be working hard next week while you will be relaxing on the beach.
 - يستخدم المستقبل المستمر أيضا عندما نخمن ما يفعله شخص الآن:
- I think people will be using smart mobiles in twenty years' time
- Don't call him now, he'll be doing his homework.
- I don't want to disturb them. I'm sure they'll be cleaning the house at the moment.
 - لا يستخدم المستقبل المستمر مع الأفعال التي تعبر عن حالةً او حاسة او شعور او ادراك او فهم او ملكية:
- Maher will be at my house when you arrive. (Not: will be being)
- After I study, I will know all the answers for the test. (Not: will be knowing



Mav be + -ing

فدم للتعبير عن أحداث محتملة الحدوث (غير مؤكدة) ستكون مستمرة في المستقبل:

- More people may be moving to Cairo in the next 50 years.
- In 100 years, people may be living in space.
- When she's 21, she may be working in London.

لا يستخدم المستقبل المستمر او اى ازمنه مستقبليه في العبارة الزمنية بعد الروابط التاليه

While – when –after – before – by the time – until – till – if

While I am doing my homework, mum will be making dinner.

لا يستخدم المستقبل المستمر او اي زمن مستمر مع افعال الحواس والمشاعر والادراك والملكية

Tomorrow morning I will know the truth.

تستخدم صيغة الاستفهام في المستقبل المستمر للطلب او السؤال عن معلومة بشكل مهذب:

Will you be attending the party tonight?

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

- 1- The programme predicts what life like in 40 years' time.
- b) will have been c) will be being a) would be d) will be
- 2- We think that fewer people with these diseases in the future.
 - a) will be living b) may live c) have lived d) have been living
- 3- We these diseases to cure them not only to manage them.
- b) would treat c) will be treating d) may be treat a) may treat
- 4- I'm sure that these predictions true.
- d) may be coming b) will be coming c) may come a) will come
- 5- I'm not sure but the government vast areas of the desert soon.
- a) will be reclaiming b) will reclaim c) may be reclaiming d) have reclaimed
- 6- I wonder what we this time next year.
- b) shall do c) do d) will be doing a) will do
- 7- He's going on holiday. This time next week he in the sea.
- b) will be sailing c) sails d) would sail a) will sail
- 8- In five years' time, Ali will probably with his parents.
- a) be livedb) still livec) be still livingd) still livinge) be still livingd) still livinge) be still livingd) still livinge) be still livingd) still living d) still living
- a) will be travelling b) will travel c) travels d) travelled
- 10- It's arranged. We in the red sea tomorrow morning.
- b) will be swimming c) may be swimming d) may swim a) will swim
- 10- In ten years' time, I hope in a hospital.
- a) would work b) may work c) will be working d) will work
- 12- We probably be there for two weeks.
- c) are going to a) will b) may d) are
- 13- Amira has a job interview tomorrow. I'm sure...... well.
- a) might do b) may do c) will have done d) will be doing
- 14- This time next week, Samir..... basketball with his friends.
- a) will be playing b) may play c) may be working d) will play
- 15- I expect that he the match next Friday.
- b) will win c) will be winning d) is winning a) wins
- 16- When I'm 80, I think everyone longer.
- a) would live b) may be living c) will be living d) will live
- 7- Where do you think you when you're 50?
- a) would work b) may work c) will be working d) will work
- & They a new company in the future. It's probable.
- a) may be setting b) will set c) will be setting d) would set



I think we new wells of oil soon. a) may discover b) will be discovering c) discover d) have discovered **3**- Don't phone me at 8.00 a.m. tomorrow. I to the airport. b) will be driving c) have driven d) would drive I want to have lunch outdoors tomorrowenough time yo join me? a-Are you having b- You are having c- will you have d- vou will have Since hesome trees in the garden this afternoon, he isn't attending the music class. A-planted b- has planted c- will be planted d- will be planting At 9 next Friday . Ifor my cousin in the airport . I have already decided. a-will be waiting b- may be waiting c- will be waited d- will wait 24- The moment hehome, I will be trying to solve some maths problems. b- will arrive c- may be arriving a-Will be arriving 25- Ilunch when you return home tomorrow . you wont have to wait b- will be preparing c- will have preoared d- preparre I don't know where he will be living in two years' time. Hehis own house. b- will be having c- may be having d- is having a-May have while hethe exam, his father will be waiting for him. b- is going to take c- was taking a-Will take d- is taking Tomorrow Ithe match with my friend . b- am watching c- watching d- am seeing 29- Wea card for my brother at the moment. b- are making a- make d- have made We need your help. do it for us? a- Are you going to b- will you c- Do you d- should you The matchat six o'clock. b- will start a- is starting c- is going to start d-starts 32- I am sure itan exciting match. a- is going to be c- is being d- will be 33- Imy next summer holiday in Australia I have arranged every thing. b- am spending c- spend d- have spent a- will spend It is predicted that peopleon space holidays in the next ten years. going b-are going to go c-will go d-will be going d- will be going Our team is attacking hard. Theya goal. c- is scoring a- is going to score b- will score This year, I am going on holiday with my family to Italy .I am sure you ...it. a- are enjoying b- will enjoy c- are going to enjoy d-should enjoy Are you leaving this evening? Yes, my trainat 7.15. a- is going to leave **b**- leaves c- will leave d- will be leaving Do you have plans for the week end? I.... Afifi on Saturday morning. b- am going to meet c- meet d- will be met I'm going on holiday to Europe this October. Should I take an umbrella? Yes, it a- is probably raining b- will probably rain c- probably rains d- probably rain It is arranged .WeThe Red Sea this summer. b- are going to go a- will go d- have gone I think my brothera doctor. He is very clever. b- is going to be c- is being d- would be Are youtennis after school today?

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2nd secondary



going to play b- played d-playing c- play My English lessonat four o'clock this afternoon. b- finish c- will finish d- is going to finish The busarrive at 11 AM, it arrives at 11 PM. a- don't b- doesn't d- never 45-Hea geologist when he leaves university .This is his plan. a- will become b- has become c- is going to become d- becomes I want to buy a new villa, so Isave a lot of money. a- am going to b- will c- going to d- will be I expect hepass the exam easily. a- would b- should c- will 48-Sheto London next spring. a- is traveling b- travels c- has traveled d- would travel Don't worry . I am surethem again soon. b- you are seeing c- you will see d- you 'd see a- vou see 50- The new filmat 7.30 this evening. a-will be starting b- start c- starts d-starting I have arranged for the next weekend . I....to Hurghada with some old friends . b) am going c) will go d) am going to go a) go 52- We hope our countryup with the developed countries in the next future. b) is going to catch c) will catch a- is catching d) catches The flight to Stockholmat 8.30 pm every Sunday . c) will leave ive b) leaves c) will leave d My plane to Istanbulat ten o'clock. d) is going to leave a) leave a- leave b- will leave c- leaves d- is leaving Perhaps we can get together when I come back......anything next Saturday? a- Are you doing b- Will you do c- Do you do d- Will you have done Hi my familyme out today for passing my exams. 56a- take b- are taken c- have taken d- are taking My sonsthe match at the stadium. They have the tickets. 57b- will watch c- are going to watch d- are watching a- watch I am afraid weon time for the meeting... b- are c-won't be d- are going to be a- will be In the next ten years, people will beup to book their holidays in space. **b-** rowing c- living d-stopping a- queuing in the wall .l think it...... in the wall .l think it..... a- is going to fall b- will fall c- is falling d-falls By the time I I will be rich. a- am going to retire b- retired c- retire d- will retire 62- Your favourite sports programmeat 9 o'clock a- is going to start b- will start c- is starting 63- Today's exam is quite easy . the pupilsit a- will pass b- are going to pass c- are passing d- pass Don't park here or youa fine. a- will pay b- are going to pay c- are paying d- pav I hope schoolsmore attractive a- are going to be b- are being c- will be d- have been We should findhow space technology has changed our everyday c- of d-out b- about



More money should be spentimproving public services.

b- for

The plane to Braziloff tomorrow at 6:00 am

b- takes d- is going to take a- is taking c- will take

Hean eye doctor when he finishes his graduate studies. This is his plan 69-

a- would be b- is c- is going to be d- has been

Ahmed promised that heme as soon as the plane lands.

a- will phone b- would phone c- phoned d-phones

10- A) Translate into Arabic:

Many people are in favour of مؤيد organic farming زراعه عضويه . They think that we should grow food without using pesticides مبيدات حشرات or chemical fertilizers that may المعاناة من اي مرض. This helps us to avoid suffering from any disease المعاناة من اي مرض attack us in the future.

B) Translate into English:

1. تلعب المؤسسات الخيرية charities دورا هاما في المجتمع.

٢. شهد witness القرن الحالي the current century في مجال جراحات القلب المفتوح.

٣. مازلنا نعانيwe are still suffering from من مشكلة البطالة

٤. يعاني المجتمع من كثير من المشكلات والقضاياissues التي حدثت نتيجة تراجعrecession القيمsvalues والاخلاق morals .

ه. تبرز is shown شخصية المرء من خلال تصرفاته behaviors وقيمه و ارائه واتجاهاته trends وعلاقته relations بالاخرين.

قد أكون عند البعض علامة استفهام و <mark>عند البعض الأخر علامة تعجب و</mark>لكني بالتأكيد علامة فارقه في عقول وقلوب من عاشروني

1- Choose the correct answer from a. b. c. or d:

1- The government will be	to redu	uce the effect	s of climate chan	ige.

a- tried b- trying c- trial d-trv

2- Many more people be moving to Cairo in the next 50 years. It's probable.

a- should b- could c- would d- may

3- In the future, people taking medicines which cure diabetes completely.

a- will be b- may ند و <u>c-are</u>تا مادة التعلم ال

4- In 2030, surely we people with diabetes.

a- will be helping b- will help c- may be helping d- are helping

5- You should take your umbrella. raining outside.

a- It will b- It may c- It's

6- In 50 years, people living longer than they are now. b- will be c- are d- may

7- It's arranged. We to the Red Sea this summer.

a- will go d- may go b- go c- are going

8- I can't talk at the moment. I my homework.

b- will do c- am doing d- have done

9- I am studying law. I a lawyer.

d-be

a- may be b- am going to be c- am being 10- Somebody is knocking on the door. I and open it.

a- am going b- will go c- have gone d-go

11-The phone is ringing . Iit

a-will answer b- am going to answer c- am answering d- answei

12- The planeat 8.30 tomorrow.



s-arrives b- will arrive c- is going to arrive d- is arriving
3- After, most of the crop is stored in large buildings.
🔐 a-Cropping b- yielding c- harvesting d- creating
14- The court decreed that he was guilty and sentenced him to death.
a-guilt b-guilty c-innocent d-naive
15-I won't be able to talk to you all the day tomorrow as Imy homework.a- would be doing b- would do c- will be doing d- may do
16- Mona promised that she home tomorrow.
a) be b) would have been c) will have been d) will be.
2. Read the following passage and answer the questions:
The levels of dissolved oxygen in the world's ocean waters are declining
precipitously بسرعه. Just like humans, fish need oxygen to survive, and so in ocean areas
experiencing significant levels of oxygen scarcity ندره, or hypoxia , fish populations are
plummeting تنخفض. Although some hypoxic areas, called "dead zones," occur naturally،
hypoxia in coastal areas and inland waters is caused mainly by agricultural run-off افراط and
by discharge القام of industrial waste waters. More than one-hundred permanent dead
zones, many covering thousands of square miles, exist worldwide today.
Since reproductive success is the most critical factor in the sustainability of any
and genetic diversity can حياة بحرية the extent of this threat to marine life سلالات
hardly be overstated. After several months in hypoxic waters, female fish produce fewer
eggs. Moreover, hypoxic cond <mark>itions</mark> serve to alter the nor <mark>mal r</mark> atio تناسب between two
particular hormones manufact <mark>ured</mark> durin <mark>g the emb</mark> ryoni <mark>c جيني غير مكتمل</mark> stage when a fish's
gender is determined. During gestation نمو and under these conditions, the mother
produces more testosterone (an <mark>d less es</mark> tradiol هرمون استراديول), which inhibits يعيق), which inhibits
development of female reproductive organs اعضاء other female characteristics in the
embryo بسمات while promoting the development of male traits و
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
1-The author would probably view the developments discussed in the passage as
(a) alarming
تطبيق التعلم التفاعلي عن بعد
(c) unsurprising
(d) encouraging
2 - Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
(a) Why are Fish Gender Ratios Changing so Rapidly?
(b) The Dangers of Industrial Waste-water Runoff
(c) A Prescription for Reversing Hypoxia Levels
(d) Dead Zones: Their Causes and Consequences
3 – The underlined word "hypoxia" means
a-Lack of oxygen b- too much oxygen c- lack of water d- scarcity of food
4 – This passage is extracted from
Answer the following questions:
5- What does the author mean by "Dead zones"?
954

	230
6 –What are testosterone and estradiol?	N.
7 – What is the effect of "hypoxia" on fish?	
8 – What can man do to fight the phenomenon ظاهرة of hypoxia?	
3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) about "the world will face mastarvation and drought and how we can be ready to overcome them .	ıny problems like
4 - A) Translate into Arabic: Sign language علي is a way of communication. It depends on علي is a way of communication. It depends on علي . It is used by do is considered as important as speech	-
B) Translate into English: a productive العمل لكي نخلق to create ولادنا قيمة the value العمل لكي نخلق self sufficiency في كل المجالات	,
خدام التكنولوجيا لتنمية اقتصادنا القومى to develop our national income.	٢. يجب علينا است
trea ذوي الاحتياجات الخاصة those who have special needs بطريقة in a hum وذلك بدمجهم mixing مع قرنائهم. peers	
ستطبيق التعلم التفاعلي عن بعد	









Unit 4 Changing English

اختصار Abbreviation	Apps (applications) تطبیقات	یرد – رد – یستجیب – Response
تعبيرية ورموز Emoji	Message (n.) (v.) \ يرسل	یتنکر Disguise
رسمي Formal	Advise (advice) -ینصح	منزعج Upset
عالم لغويات Linguist	نظام - ينظم - امر - يامر Order	يتوقع Expect
تواصل Communication	المبدع / مبتكر Innovator	یتقدم ل Apply for
يتطلب Require	یحذر Warn	یرد علي Reply to
مناسب ل Suitable for	ميزة Advantage	يستلم – يتلقي Receive
مراهقین Teenagers	Disadvantage بيد	<u> </u>
اساسي – اصلي	Deal with مع	
Prefixes بادئات	يضيف الي Addinto	**
خاتمات Suffixes	یصف Describe	
يكافيء / مكافأه Reward		
يطعن / طعنه		
شحاذ Beggar	انکار – عدم اعتقاد – Disbelief	•
میناء / مرفأ Port	يطلب Request	
مصاب Injured	طفل Child	Stocks
واضح \ مناسب - ملائم Proper		
خاص \ مميز	تلفون ذكي Smart phone	
ا Blood	يرفض Refuse	يقبض علي Arrest
يخبيء Hide – hid – hidden	مذنب Guilty	
	قنر Dirty	Majesty\ highness السمو – رفعه
جانب ایجابی The positive side	یصمم 🔥 Design	يساند – يؤيد Support
جانب سلبي The negative side	نقاش ا جدال Debate	جهاز Device
Mansion = palace قصر	يمكن التعرف عليه Recognizable	
نتائج دراسه او مسح	_	اجراءات Procedures
راسة ا مسح (do) Survey		
خداع \ تضليل Deception		
يقرر ان Decide to	ممارسه - تدریب Practice	شخصي Personal
Details تفاصیل	یسجل \ رقم قیاسي – Record	يقارن Compare

Definitions

the change in your voice that shows what you are feeling or		
to misunderstand	to not understand properly	
not necessarily a response to something that has been said that may not be		
correct true or correct		
یعبس to frown	to have an expression on your face that shows you are not	
Someone who protects a place or a person		
someone who asks other people for food or money		
مكافأه Reward	money for someone who finds or helps someone important	



ربح – عائد Profit	ben	benefit from something	
act i يتظاهر		in a way that is not true	
plot against someon	e	make a secret plan to do something that is wrong to	
ضد	يتأمر	another person	
انكار \ جحود Disbelief	کفر ۱	the feeling that something cannot really be happening	
ر – وفي Faithful		loyal, continue to support someone	
Acronym اختصار بالحروف الاولي A word formed		A word formed from the first letters of the words	
UN: the United Nations		UN: the United Nations	
Thesaurus A book that lists words in groups that have similar meanings		lists words in groups that have similar meanings	
Procedure A way of doing something especially the correct way		A way of doing something especially the correct way.	
Persuade يقنع get someone to do something or to agree with you		get someone to do something or to agree with you	
Linguist علم لغه Someone studies or teaches linguistics.		Someone studies or teaches linguistics.	
Messaging The system of sending messages using electronic equip		system of sending messages using electronic equipment	
Port میناء a place where ships enter and leave a town or country		a place where ships enter and leave a town or country	

Prepositions & Expressions

ri epositions & expressions			
سواء- اذااو لا	Stay in / with	يقيم ف <i>ي</i> \ مع	
يصل الي هنا	Help with	يساعد في	
غاضب من	A reward for	مكافأه ل	
يتأمر ضد	Continue with + (n.	يستمر في	
يعمل خطه سريه	Spend time with	يقضي وقت مع	
ينتزع - يبعد - يزيل - ينه	Careful of\ about	حریص علي	
يتواصل مع	Warn somebody to	يحذران	
بدلا من	Faithful to	مخلص	
باكثر طريقة ايجابيه	Cruel to	قاسي	
مستعد ان	Unkind to	غير عطوف	
يلتقط - يرفع - ينتقي	Badly behaved	سيء السلوك	
يهرب	Continue to + inf \v	یستمر ان -ing	
يتصل – يسمي – يطلق عا	Get upset with	ينزعج	
يصنع من (مادة تغيرت)	Careful about / wit	حریص علي \ مع	
يصنع من (ماده لم تتغير)	Similar to	مشابه	
يبدو ان	Aware of	واعي ـ مدرك ل	
	سواء- اذااو لا يصل الي هنا عاضب من يتأمر ضد يتأمر ضد يعمل خطه سريه ينتزع - يبعد - يزيل - ينة يتواصل مع باكثر طريقة ايجابيه ياتقط - يرفع - ينتقي يتصل - يسمي - يطلق عا يصنع من (مادة تغيرت) يصنع من (مادة لم تتغير)	Stay in / with الي هنا Help with يصل الي هنا Help with A reward for كاضب من Continue with + (n. الله على يتأمر صد Spend time with with about Warn somebody to Faithful to Cruel to المتعد ان Badly behaved يهرب Continue to + inf \wedge Areward for Areward for Cruel to المتعد ان Badly behaved	

Derivatives

Noun Noun	<u>Adjective</u>		
Care	Careful \ careless		
Profit	Profitable		
Suitability	Suitable		
Belief	Believable #unbelievable		
Reward	Rewarding		
Communication	Communicative		
Decision	Decisive		
Practice	Practical		
Recognition	Recognizable **		
Application	Applicable		
Creator - creature -	Creative		
	Care Profit Suitability Belief Reward Communication Decision Practice Recognition Application		



3	3 3.	creation- creativity	× 2
3	Advise	Advice	Advisable 🔊
3	Communicate to \ with \ in	Communication	🌄 متواصل Communicative
	F		معدي Communicable
Ī	یبتکر Devise	جهاز – ابتكار Device	

Synonyms

Faithful	Loyal - sincere - committed - truthful \ close / unfaithful	
Device	Set – apparatus	
teenagers	Adolescents \ teens	
Deceive	Take in \ trick - cheat	
Refuse	Reject = decline	
Debate	Argument = discussion = dispute	
Smart	Intelligent	
Cruel	Unkind = harsh	
Support	Back	

Antonyms

Cruel	Compassionate - kind - gentle		
Faithful	Unfaithful \ disloyal - traitorous - treacherous		
Suitable	Inappropriate\ unsuitable \ improper		
Reward	Punishment - penalty		
Guilt	Innocence		
Guilty	Innocent		
Personal	Public 2024		

Abbreviations of chat language

TIDDI CVIACIO		on chat lange	^{Au} 5 ^c
(plz)	Please	tyvm	Thank you very much
(cul8r)/syl)	See you later	<mark>rip</mark>	Rest in peace
(thx)	Thank you	stfu ADD	Shut the fuck up
(ASAP)	As soon as possible	Np -	No problem
(Idk)	I don't know	ikr ill alaill	I know right
(Gr8)	Great!	Bc	Because
(LOL)	Laugh out loud	<mark>noyb</mark>	None of your business
(2moro)	Tomorrow	noob	newcomer أو Newbie
btw	By the way	TIA	Thanks in advance
fyi For	r your information	AFAIK	As far as I know
lolz	Laughs out loud	<mark>ezpz</mark>	Easy profit
Rofl Rollin	ng on the floor laughing	<mark>BFF</mark>	Best friends for ever
Ttyl	Talk to you later	<mark>Gf</mark>	Girl friend
Omg	Oh my god	4YEO	For your eyes only
Vbg	very big grin	IRL	In real life
Xoxo	Hugs and kisses	DIY	Do It your self
, <mark>Brb</mark>	Be right back	IMO	In my opinion
TYT	take your time	<mark>JK</mark>	Just kidding
THX or TX	thank you	ОТОН	On the other hand
<mark>Abt</mark>	About	BRB	Be right back
Bf'	Boy friend	BTT	Back to topic
The second second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	





Bf	Best/ boy friend	NVM	Never Mind
DIY	Do it yourself	FB	Facebook
FAQ	Frequently asked questions	- <mark>U</mark>	You
<mark>Asl</mark>	Age sex location	BBS	Back in a second
Btw	By the way	Bfn	By for now
Gtg	Go to go	Ppl	People
Eod	End of the day	G2g	Got to go
I G	Instagram	RT	Retweet

Expressions& structures

يبقى على اتصال Stay / keep in touch with طعنه في الظهر A stab in the back = deception كسير الفواد My heart is broken = feel very sad يغير رأيه Change his mind It was my duty انه واجبى نعم انه صحيح Yes, it is true ساكون سعيد ان I would be happy to Your sister is nothing to me اختی لا شیء بالنسبة لی لن تصدقی کم تصرف بسوء You won't believe how badly she behaved

Have effects on

له تأثيرات على

Language notes

Prefixes	الكلمة فتغير معناها	الباديات هي مقاطع يصاف لبدايه
Re = again	mis = opposite	un = opposite
Redo	misappropriate	undo
Reuse	misunderstand	unpack
D 14		

Rewrite misuse unhappy
Reconsider mislead unacceptable
re-evaluate misspell unreal
Rebuild Misconduct سبوء الداره unmanned

Reconstruct unhappy

لخاتمات هي مقاطع تضاف الي نهاية الكلمة فتغير معناها الله عناها الله عناها الله عناها الله Suffixes

-able	يع Er يي بي	المعام المعام الشاعل الشاعل الشاعل	Less Less
Readable	helper		Helpless
Understandable	Carer	ممرضه منزلیه	Careless
Usable	Writer		hopeless
drinkable, ,	dancer		faultless
portable	Doer	فاعل	fearless
flexible	Reader		restless
Sustainable	User		Useless

عن © tune نبره – اسلوب © tone

- 1- I tried to use a sympathetic tone of voice.
- 2- I can play a few tunes on the piano.

3 - The President is out of tune with public opinion.

غير منسجم او متوافق مع

Tone up يشد – يقوي tone down

1- His leg muscles had toned up.

22- Try to tone your speech down.

ــ يرفض \ لا يوافق Frown on © يعبس \ يشيح بوجه\ عبوس

- 1- He frowned as he reread the letter. 2- On his face he wore a deep, permanent frown. 3- Personal phone calls are frowned on at work.
- © Guard Guardian ©یحرس- حارس
 - 1- There was an armed guard on duty outside his door.
 - 2- They saw themselves as the guardians of morality. اوصياء على الاخلاق
- د اعتقاد لا يصدق beggar belief© يرجو يترجى begged© شحاذ Beggar© شحاد
 - 1- Beggars can't be choosers.
 - 2- The stupidity of people sometimes beggars belief.
- a ward جائزة رسميه يمنح award مكافأه
 - 1- The holiday was a reward for 40 years' service with the company.
 - 2- He was awarded the Military star.
 - 3- The children's ward is really neglected.
- سب make a profit ربح ۱ فائده ۱ عائد- یربح make a profit
 - 4- It would profit us to change our plans.
 - 5- This is an application of profits earned.
 - 6- Profits rose 31% to £144 million.
 - 7- Investors have made a 14% profit in just 3 months.
 - 8- The profit on that deal was £21 million.
 - 9- All the profits from the sales of the CD will go to the charitable Society.
 - 10-They were buying goods and reselling them at a profit.
 - 11-They kill whales for profit.
- plotter © يتأمر يكيد مكيدة مؤمراة حجبكه دراميه Plot (n.)(v.) ©
- 1-They make a plot against the government
- 2-The two men are accused of a plot to bomb an American plane.
- 3-Between them, they had hatched (made) a clever plot to claim insurance money.
- disbeliever© جحود كفر انكار منکر ۔ کافر ۔ جاحد **©Disbelief**
 - 1- Public reaction to the announcement has been one of shock and disbelief.
 - 2- An expression of disbelief crossed his face.
 - 3- Liz stared at us in disbelief as we told her what had happened.
- الايمان الوفاء الاخلاص (n.) faith (n.) مخلص وفي
 - 1- He had always been a faithful friend.
 - 2- He remained faithful to his beliefs.
 - 3- I'm delighted to know you have such faith in me.
 - 4- The public have lost faith in what the government is doing.
 - 5- Maybe we put too much faith in doctors and medicine.
 - 6- The attack has destroyed his faith in humankind.
 - 7- They seemed to accept everything he said with blind faith.
- (بري بحري جوي © harbor ميناء (بري بحري جوي)
 - 1- We'll have to spend 10 days in port for repairs.
 - 2- New York is the busiest port on the East Coast.
 - 3- The wind kept us in harbour until the following afternoon.
- personnel شخصی ersonal 1- My own personal view is that boxing should be banned.
 - 2- She works in personnel.





blog مفكره ورقيه يوميات شخص Diary = journal

مدونه على النت

1- She was angry when I read her diary

2- I present English lessons on my blog.

Reading: text messaging

Plz read this article ASAP. It's gr8. Hope u it! For any readers who can't understand the language of text messaging, the translation is: Please read this article as soon as possible. It's great. f hope you like it.

In text messages, **abbreviations**, **emojis** and numbers are all used to make communication quicker. The language of text messages doesn't require correct spelling, or difficult grammar and punctuation.

Messaging language is appearing in everyday English more often. When people write emails, many of them use a lot of abbreviations and emojis. Some people use less punctuation, but others use more than they need!!!!!!

So, is messaging language damaging English? Messaging language may be fun to use with friends, but it isn't suitable in **format** emails. And now teachers are worried that some teenagers are no longer able to speak or write using English correctly. However, some **linguists** suggest that the people who use messaging language are actually language **innovators**, introducing new ideas into English. They argue that messaging language is quick, short and communicates a lot in a small space.

Whether or not you like messaging language, English is continuing to change. Perhaps it would be a good idea to learn some of the basic abbreviations so you can enjoy talking to your friends with fun, short messages!



Shakespeare and the English language

language is always changing, and new words are created all the time. We need new words to describe new technology, ideas and situations. For example, before people took photos of themselves on their phones, we didn't need a word for that. But when everyone started doing it, the word 'selfie' became very useful, and it was added to dictionaries in 2013. Many famous dictionaries add new words every year, and sometimes they remove words and phrases that we don't use anymore. Shakespeare was a great innovator with language, and he added more words and phrases into the English language than anyone else. He made new words by changing verbs into adjectives, changing nouns into verbs, and connecting words to make new words He also-added *prefixes* and *suffixes*, for example, he created 'uncomfortable' from 'comfortable.'

Today the language that Shakespeare used can sound difficult, but he was writing in a way that made his stories easy for people to understand at that time.

Like messaging language, Shakespeare made new words from other words that everyone already knew. Then he used his words to describe the things that people most wanted to talk about.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (wb)



1. We don't usually useEnglish when we send text messages.
A – Informat D- Tormat C- usuat C- normat 🥡
🙎 In the world of technology, anis someone who can improve or create 🧐
new devices.
a-initiative b- innovator c- irritator d- revolver 3. ASAP is anof 'as soon as possible'
3. ASAP is anof 'as soon as possible'
a-acronym b- antonym c- synonyms d- opposite
4. All the ships had to remain in theirdue to the bad weather.
a-routes b- roads c- ports d- parts
5. There was aat every door in the castle to help protect the king.
a-guard b- regard c- grad d- playgoer 6. I will try tomy mother to let me go to the cinema tomorrow.
6. I will try tomy mother to let me go to the cinema tomorrow.
a-allow b- persuade b- ask d- elude 7. Look! Someone is offering aif we find the lost mobile phone.
7. Look! Someone is offering aif we find the lost mobile phone.
a-award b- ward c- word d- reward
8. If you get a benefit from something, youfrom it.
a-profitable b- profit c- beneficial d- beneficiary
a-profitable b- profit c- beneficial d- beneficiary 9. The police willthe suspect to see where he goes.
a-fellow b-follow c- follower d- fellowship 10. My mother usually gives money to anyshe sees on the street.
10. My mother usually gives money to anyshe sees on the street.
a-bigger b- asker b- requester d- beggar 11. During the difficult times the soldiers remainedto the king.
11. During the difficult times the soldiers remainedto the king.
a-Unfaithful b- faith c- faithful d- disloyal
12. The childrento be kings and queens when they are playing.
a-intend b- attend c- contend d- pretend
a-intend b- attend c- contend d- pretend 13. Everyone looked at him inwhen my brother said he wanted to climb the
mountain
a-disbelief b- belief c- believe d- unbelievable
14. To here is to arrive at a place
a-gift b- get c- hold d- stay
15. Tois to speak loudly to people can hear you far away
a-Call for b- call in c- call out d- call at 16. When a friend breaks your trust, it is a change in the back.
16. When a friend breaks your trust, it is ain the back.
a-stab b-strap c- step d- stub
17. When someone you love hurts you, you have a heart.
a-breaking b- broken c- break d- brake
18. To plot against is to plan in secret with others to do something.
a-pleat b- blot c)pot d- plot
19. To change your is to have a different opinion from before.
a-brain b- heart c- mind d- forehead
20. When my brother closed the door on my fingers, Ifor help.
a-Call b- call after c- call in d- call out
21. It looks like the football players are secretly against the coach as
they don't like him.
A-plotters b- plotting c- pine d- agreeing
22. It was likein the back when my friend told my classmates my secret.
stab b-stitch c- step d- stub
23. When the character died at the end of the film, I my heart broken
a-had b- got c- received d- changed

At the last minute, my sister always has changed her ...about what to wea b- head c- mind d- forehead The students were almost late for the exam buthere just in time. b- arrived in c- arrived at d- reached for a-got USA is a /anfo "The United states of America." **26**. b- suffix c- acronym d- abbreviation A-prefix His friendlyencouraged me to ask him for help. **27**. b- inclusion c- production a-tone He responded with a red flower 28. b-Selfie d- emoji a-finding She.....the good news she heard to me. **29**. d-a& b a-communicated b-toned c-frowned I never expected you tome. I am really shocked. b- frown c- communicate d- misunderstand a-research I sent him an email of hanks into his kind offer. 31. b- topic c- survey a-response Many people usesocial media . they waste their time. c- post a-compare **33**. We should use social media d- negatively a-positive b- positively Translate into Arabic: 1- We can't solve all our problems but we can find solutions to some of them. Man is the one who creates problems that's why he ought to overcome them. Translate into English ١- الجشع والاستغلال والاحتكار جرائم لاتقل خطورة عن الارهاب. ٢ - مصر تحتاج الان العقول الذكية القادرة على الابتكال حتى ننهض ببلدنا. ٣- تبذل الحكومة قصاري جهدهاDoes its utmost لتمكن Enable المواطن المصرى من مجابهة Face ارتفاع نفقات المعيشة. Rising living expenses ٤- تبذل الحكومة جهدا عظيما Does great effort لاستصلاح جزءا من الصحراء وتحويله الى حقول خضراء لتوفير Provide .. for الأمن الغذائي Food security لكل مواطن. **Reported Speech** (Reporting verbs with infinitive clauses) هناك محموعه افعال تستخدم لنقل والاوامر والتعليمات: (instruct – redro –tell) Ex: 1- She asked Sami to close the door. 2- The teacher said to the class, "stop talking." 3- The teacher told the class to stop talking. هناك مجموعه افعال تستخدم لنقل الطلب والدعوة والتعليمات: أ (instruct – redro –tell) 4- The professor said to us, "Please write your names on the list." The professor asked us to write our names on the list. بناك افعال تستخدم لنقل النصيحة الإيجابية egaruocne –advise 5- He said to me," you should study hard." He advised \ encouraged me to study hard. 6- Mum said to me," you should visit your grandmother." Mum encouraged me / advised me to visit my grandmother ك افعال تستخدم لنقل النصيحه السلبية "Don't go to that restaurant, Ali." Said Omar

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2nd secondary

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موقع مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة

Omar warned Ali not to go to that restaurant.

ذا نلاحظ ما با

هددthreatened/حذر warned/حذر warned/

ستخدم .to + inf في الإثبات و نستخدم . not to + inf في النضي بعد الأفعال السابقة:

-He said to me, "Read the instructions before you operate the machine."

He **told** me **to** read the instructions before I operated the machine.

-She said to me, "Never / Don't ever shout at me." (She told me...)

She **told** me **never/not to** shout at her.

- He said, "Go away or I'll call the police." (He threatened ...)

He **threatened to** call the police if I didn't go away.

He **threatened that** he would call the police if I didn't go away.

- He said, "Shall I get you some tea?" (He offered ...) He offered me some tea. / He offered to get me some tea.

في حالة الطلب request؛

- He said, "Could you open the window, please?" (He asked...) He asked me to open the window.

Could have + p.p

كان بمقدوره ان يفعل لكنه لم يفعل

- to say that something was possible in the past:

He could have bought these eggs when he went out this morning.

She could have called and spoken to Mona.

What could she have said to her friend?

to say that someone had the ability to do something that they didn't do:

She could have bought a new phone, but she didn't.

Use of couldn't have + past participle

<mark>لم یکن من الممکن ان</mark>

to say that something wasn't possible in the past:

You couldn't have seen Dina today, because she's in Germany at the moment.

She couldn't have been at the supermarket at 8 o'clock. She was at the café.

Uses of should have + past participle

اسلوب القاء لوم (كان يجب ان)

to talk about a past action that was a better choice but didn't happen: You should have asked Magda for help with your homework.

To make a prediction

لعمل تنبؤات

They should have arrived by now.

to talk about regrets:

تعبر عن الندم

I should have worked harder at school.

Should you have called your grandparents yesterday?

Use of shouldn't have + past participle (اسلوب القاء لوم)

- to say that something in the past wasn't a good idea but the person did it anyway: Aye shouldn't have gone to sleep so late last night.

She shouldn't have got upset.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d (SB)

Her parents always......Maya to sing.





b- encouraged c- asked d- warned 2. Omar....me to help him. It was a polite request, so I agreed. h- told c- begged d- ordered 3. Rami.....Imad not to go out. It was good advice because it rained. b-warned c- ordered c-begged 4. Mr Sakr....me to study. It was good advice because I passed my exam. b- asked c- advised 5. His father.....Ali to go home, so he left immediately. b- told c- begged d-encouraged 6. Ashraf.....been unkind to his sister, Darren. He knew she would be upset. h- could have c- can have d- might have a-should have 7. Hamid was working with me all day, so youseen him at the park. c- could have b- couldn't have d-shouldn't have a-should have 8. Kamal......helped Fawzi, but he didn't because they aren't friends anymore. b- could have a-Should have _c- can't have d-might have 9. Why hasn't he called? Tarek said he would call when he got to the hotel and he..... arrived by now. c- couldn't have d- shouldn't have a-Should have b- could have 10. Thank you. It's a fantastic gift, but youspent so much money on me. c- shouldn't have a-should have b-could have 11. I...... gone to bed earlier last night. I'm really tired today. a-could have b- must have c- should have d- shouldn't have WB. 12. I people not to open any strange emails. They may be hackers c-encouraged b-warned A-told d- invited 13. They me to go back next week. a-said b-asked c-encouraged d-warned 14. Iplaying the piano last week, but I was lazy and now I regret it. a-should have practised b-could have practised c-shouldn't have practised d-couldn't have practised You.....at your sister. You knew it would make her unhappy and it was the wrong thing to do. a-should have shouted b-could have shouted c-shouldn't have shouted d-couldn't have shouted 16. You.....the boat if you had been here at one o'clock, but it's gone now and it's too late. a-should have caught b-could have caught c-shouldn't have caught d-couldn't have caught You......Manal in the park this morning. She has been with me at my **17.** house all day. b-could have seen a-should have seen shouldn't have seen d-couldn't have seen I can't believe that you still haven't received the parcel. I sent it three weeks ago, so it by now. a-should have arrived b-could have arrived



houldn't have arrived d-couldn't have arrived

He.....a great doctor. He had the ability but he didn't want to work har

-should have been

b-could have been

c-shouldn't have been

d-couldn't have been

More exercises

Ibought bread but I didn't know we needed it. 20.

b- should have a-could have

c- can have

d- must have

Iinvited so many people to our party! I'm worried that we won't have enough room for everyone.

a-could have

b- should have

d- must have

Theywon the football match, but John hurt his ankle. **22**. a-could have

b- should have

c- can't have

d- must have

Lucyleft earlier. She missed her flight. **23**.

b- should have

c- can't have

d- must have

Ieaten so much chocolate! I feel sick! **24**.

a-could have

a-could have

b- should have

c-shouldn't have d-must have

You.....been rude to him. He's going to be really angry now. **25**. a-could have

b- should have **c- shouldn't** have

d- must have

Youtaken this job. I can see you're not enjoying it. **26**.

b- should have

c-shouldn't have

d- must have

The race was really difficult. She.....won because she's not fit enough. b- should have a-could have

c- shouldn't have

d-couldn't have

Our neighbours......cut down the tree in their garden. It was a really 28. beautiful tree.

a-could have

a-could have

a-could have

b- should have

c- shouldn't have

d-couldn't have

I'm really cold! I.....brought my coat. **29**.

b- should have c- shouldn't have

d- couldn't have

Icome to see you! I didn't know you were ill.

b- should have

c- shouldn't have

d- couldn't have

Andrew......gone to Cambridge University, but he decided to travel 31. instead.

a-could have

b- should have c- shouldn't have d- couldn't have

Translate into Arabic:

- 1- Egypt enjoys the most splendid summer resorts in the world and tourists can visit them so as to practise their favorite hobbies.
- 2- Scientists, thinkers and men of letters should be honoured for their great efforts.
- يتغلب Sons in order to overcome مخلص Sons in order to overcome its economic problems.
- 4 A good citizen is that who devotes يكرس his time and effort to his country and سمو / رفعة and supremacyمجد himself for its glory يضحي

Translate into English:

_- نأمل ان يسود prevail التسامحtolerance و الحب والاخوةBrotherhood والتعاون الجو العربي Atmosphere وأن نكر س الطاقات للبناء والتعمير Construction .

- لقد أصبح تطوير التعليم من أهم الأهداف Goals التي تسعى الحكومة جاهدة لتحقيقها. هما أكثر اهمية في نظر ك ، حياة طفل أو حياة فأر؟





Test on unit 4

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1. The bill should have by now
a-arrive b- arrived c- to arrive d- been arrived
2. Wefinished the game, even if we'd wanted to. It was raining very hard and we had
to stop.
a-could have b- should have c- couldn't have d- must have
a-could have b- should have c- couldn't have d- must have 3. Amandafinished the work, but she felt ill and had to go home.
a-could have b- should have c- can't have d- must have
4. Her parents alwaysMaya to sing.
a-told b- encouraged c- asked d- warned
5. Ashrafbeen unkind to his sister, Darren. He knew she would be upset.
a-should have b- could have c- can have d- might have
6. USA is a /anfo "The United states of America."
A-prefix b- suffix c- acronym d- abbreviation
7. His friendlyencouraged me to ask him for help.
a-tone b- inclusion c- production d- body
8. There was aat every door in the castle to help protect the king.
a-guard b- regard c- grad d- playgoer 9. I will try tomy mother to let me go to the cinema tomorrow.
9. I will try tomy mother to let me go to the cinema tomorrow.
a-allow b- persuade b- ask d- elude
10. If you get a benefit from something, youfrom it.
a-profitable b- profit c- beneficial d- beneficiary
11. Everyone looked at him inwhen my brother said he wanted to climb the
mountain
a-disbelief b- belief c- believe d- unbelievable
12. When a friend breaks your trust, it is a in the back.
a-stab b-strap c- step d- stub
a-disbelief b- belief c- believe d- unbelievable 12. When a friend breaks your trust, it is a
a-brain D- neart C- mind d- forenead
14. It was likein the back when my friend told my classmates my secret.
a-stab b-stitch c- step d- stub
15. Ashrafbeen unkind to his sister, Darren. He knew she would be upset.
a-should have b- could have c- can have d- might have
16. Hamid was working with me all day, so youseen him at the park.

2. Read the following passage and answer the questions:

b- couldn't have

Have you ever heard someone use the phrase "once in a blue moon?" People use this expression to describe something that they do not do very often. For example, someone might say that he tries to avoid eating sweets because they are unhealthy, but will eat chocolate "once in a blue moon." Or someone who does not usually like to go to the beach might say "I visit the shore once in a blue moon." While many people use this phrase, not everyone knows the meaning behind it.

c- could have

d- shouldn't have

a-should have

The first thing to know is that the moon itself is never actually blue. This is just an expression. The phrase "blue moon" actually has to do with the shape of the moon, not the color.

As the moon travels around the earth, it appears to change shape. We associate certain names with certain shapes of the moon. For example, when we can see a small part of the moon, it is called a crescent moon. A crescent is a shape that looks like the tip of a fingernail. When we cannot see the moon at all, it is called a new moon. When we can see the entire moon, it is called a full moon. Usually, there is only one full moon every month. Sometimes, however, there will be two full moons in one month. When this happens, the second full moon is called a "blue moon."

Over the next 20 years, there will only be 15 blue moons. As you can see, a blue moon is a very rare event. This fact has led people to use the expression "once in a blue moon" to describe other very rare events in their lives.

Choose the correct answer from a, b,c or d:

Which of the following would be a good example of someone doing something "once in a blue moon"?

- (a) Mary likes to go to the mountains every weekend. Mary goes to the mountains once in a blue moon.
- (b) Tom rarely remembers to take out the trash. Tom takes out the trash once in a blue moon.
- (c) Cindy hates to wash the dishes. Nevertheless, she does it every day. Cindy washes the dishes once in a blue moon.
- (d) Ming sometimes forgets to do his homework. Ming forgets to do his homework once in a blue moon.
- 2. When does a blue moon happen in nature?
- (a) When there are two full moons in one month.
- (b) When the moon has a blue color
- (c) when we cannot see the moon at all اتعلم التفاعلة
- (d) when we can only see a small part of the moon
- 3. Using the passage as a guide, it can be understood that which of the following sentences does not contain an expression?
- (a) Thomas has lost his mind
- (b) An apple a day keeps the doctor away
- (c) I'll mow(cut) the grass after I finish my homework
- (d) It's never a bad time to start something new
- 4. As described in paragraph 3, what is another example of something that has a crescent shape?
- (a) Your thumb
- (b) a distant star
- (c) the letter "C"
- (d) the letter "H"

Answer the following questions :



5. As used in the final paragraph, which is the best antonym for rare?
6. Is the phrase "a blue moon" related to the colour or the shape? Why
7 – What is the best title of the passage?
8 - Why do you think people use the expression" once in a blue moon"?
3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) about "The language is a dynamic creature developing over ages.
4. A) Translate into Arabia.
4 - A) Translate into Arabic: Without cooperation and hard work, no progress can be achieved in our country. Those who seek personal benefits البحث عن مصالح شخصيه can never be helpful in this field. Everyone has to do their duties before asking for their rights.
B) Translate into English: 2024 ٤. اصبح العالم قریه صغیره بسبب due to التقدم التكنولوجي technological development في
مجالات الاتصالات. the fields of commnications
مجالات الانصالات. the key to knowledge و لذلك يجب ان نشجع اولادنا ان يقرعوا القصص الفتات المعرفة the key to knowledge والذلك يجب ان نشجع اولادنا ان يقرعوا القصص والكتب ليثروا to enrich معرفتهم . their knowledge
ه. ٦. القراءة مفتاح المعرفه the kev to knowledge ولذلك يجب ان نشجع اولادنا ان يقرءوا القصص









wnit 5 ▶Being smart online

Key Vocabulary

Consult	يستشير	Upload	يحمل علي النت
Reliable	موثوق فيه – يعتمد عليه	Upgrade	يطور – يرقي
Update (v.)	تخدد	Take down	يزيل ملفات سبق رفعها
Up-to-date (adj.)	حدیث	Banner advert	بانر اعلان
Smart	ذكي – انيق	Cookies	ملفات تعريف ارتباط
Resource	مورد	Search result	نتائج بحث
Research	بحث علمي	Sponsored advert	اعلان ممول
Download	يحمل - ينزل من النت	Skim	قراءة سريعه
Scan	قراءة تفصيليه	Behaviour	سلوك
sensible	حكيم	Symbols	رموز
Profile	ملف شخصي	Birth	مولد – میلاد
Double	يضاعف	Patience	صبر
Go mad	یجن	Room	غرفه – فراغ
Shelter	ماوي	Jokes	نكات
Disagreement	خلاف	Spy	جاسوس – يتجسس

(SB)Vocabulary

(Sb) vocabulary				
Resilience	مرونه	Junk	نفاية – خرده - رمم	
Save	يحفظ - ينقذ - يدخر	Mega meal	وجبه ضخمه	
Avoid	يتجنب	Kids	اطفال	
Unhelpful	غير معين – مساعد	Advertisers	معلنيين	
Juice		Exactly	بالضبط	
Topic	عنوان موضوع	Appear	يظهر	
Extra facts		Recognize "	يتعرف علي	
Badly designed	سيء التصميم	Series	مجموعه - سلسلة - مسلسل	
Full of	مملوء ب	Social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي	
Spelling mistakes	اخطاء هجائيه	Popular	محبوب	
Name (v.)	يسمي – يدعي	Include	يشمل – يتضمن	
Pages	صفحات	Teens=teenagers	مراهقین	
Images	صور	Experience (n.)(v.)	يمر بخبره – خبره	
Tone	نغمه	Brainstorm	عصف زهني تأثيرات – أثار	
Confused	مرتبك	Effects	تأثيرات – أثار	
Icons	ايقونات	Entertain	يسلي – يستضيف	
Describe	يصف	Arguments	حوارات - جدال	
General meaning	معني عام	Presentation	عرض تقديمي	
Specific information	معلومات معينه	Rude to	روقح مع	
Stocks		Behave	وقح مع السلك – يتصر ف	
Wet	مبلل – رطب	Beggars	تشحاذ	
patient	صبور - مریض	Persuade	يقتع	

			76
Winds	رياح	Blow	كنهن ا
Comedy	مسرحیه کومیدیه	Lie to	ریکهب علي
Bring	يجلب – يحضر	Ready for	مستعد ل
Exit	يخرج	Storm	عاصفه
	Workbook	<mark>vocabulary</mark>	
Essay	مقاله	App(application	تطبيق
Create	يخلق	Excuse	يعتذر
Stamp (n.)(v.)	يدمغ – طابع	Safe	امن
Personal details	تفاصيل شخصية		یزیل
install		Version	 – روایه – نص - ترجمة
Special character	شخصیه خاصه	i	نصائح – بقشیش
Obvious-clear		Steal	يسرق شيء
Task		Actually	في الواقع
Identity		Common	منتشر – شائع
Recent	حالي - جاري - حديث		غير موثوق
Follow		Follower	منابع
Post	بوست – منشور		يؤيد – يشترك
Views	منظر – مشاهدات		یاهم – حصة – نصیب
Check	يراجع – يفحص		ينشر – ينتشر
Fake		False stories	قصص ملفقه
Access to	**	Publish	ينشر طباعة
Title		Speed	سرعه
Professional		Instant news	اخبار عاجله
Button		Serious	جاد – خطیر
Sociology		Influence	يؤثر – نفوذ
Musician		Immediately	ورا – عاجلا
Trust	ثقه — يثق	Morals	اخلاق
Pros	مزایا	Cons	عيوب
Viewpoint	وجهة نظر عن رهد	تطبيق التوClues	ادله – مفاتيح لغز
Wardrobe	دو لاب	Loads	احمال - اعباء -
Attack	يهاجم – هجوم	Abandon	يهجر

Definitions

Consult	To ask for information or advice from someone	
Take down	To take something you have posted online off the internet.	
Reliable	Someone or something that can be trusted or dependent on	
Update (v.)	To make something more modern.	
Up-to-date (adj.)	To include all the latest information.	
Upgrade	To improve or make more efficient.	
Upload	To move files from the computer to the internet.	
Download	To move files from the internet to the computer.	
Behaviour	Things that person or animal does	
Sensible	Reasonable , practical and showing good judgment.	
Profile A short description that gives information details about a person		



Symbol Date of birth A picture or a shape that has a particular meaning.

A date in which someone was born.

Prepositions & Expressions

	OSILIOIIS CO LIA	I CSSIUIIS	- 4
Lock (sbdy) out	يغلق باب في وجه	Turn your back on	يرفض شخص _ يخذل
Set eyes on you	ينظر – يري لاول مره	At the touch of	بلمسه
At the same time	في نفس الوقت	After all	بعد کل
At the touch of a button	بمجرد لمس الزر	As a result of	نتيجة
Do a history essay	يكتب مقال تاريخي	Do blog post	ييعمل بوست علي المدونه
Do research	يجري بحث	For ages	لمة عصور
Do things	يفعل اشياء	Have a problem	لدیه مشکله
Adapt to	يتكيف مع	Have an effect on	له تاثير علي
Careful about	حريص علي	In a few years' time	خلال سنوات قليله
Find out	يكتشف	Divide into	ينقسم الي
go online	يدخل عالنت	Loads of	اعداد كبيره من
Have access to	لديه مدخل الي	In person =person	ally شخصیا
Have experience in	لديه خبره في	In short	باختصار
Keepsafe	يحافظ عليامنا	Keep in contact /	يتواصل مع
_		touch with	
Knowledge of	معرفه ب	keep safe	يحافظ علي امن
Full of	مملوء ب	Make rules	يعمل قواعد
Information about	معلومات عن	On your own	بمفردك
Popular with	محبوب من	Cruel/ unkind to	قاسي علي
Lie to		Lie on / about	يكذب بخصوص
Feel bad about	يشعر بسوء بخصوص	Useful with	مفید
Look for	يحث عن	Avoid + ving	يتجنب
Apologise to		Trust in	يتجنب يثق ف <i>ي</i>
Apologise for	يعتذر عن	Spy on	يتجسس علي
Worry about	يقلق علي	Pay attention to	يعطي اهتمام
Share with / in	یشارک مع کی ک	تطبيق اSet of l	مجموعه من

Derivatives

<u>Delivatives</u>				
Verb	Noun Noun	Adjective		
Adapt	Adaptation	Adaptable		
Advertise	Advertisement-advertiser	Advertised\advertising		
Apply	Applicant - application	Applicable		
Browse	Browse - browse			
Collect	Collection	Collective		
Consult	Consulter -consultation	Consultative		
Influence	Influence	Influential		
Rely on	Reliance	Reliable		
Subscribe	Subscription -subscriber			
Suppose	Supposition	-		
Addict	Addiction	Addicted (23)		
Connect	Connection	Connected \connective		
Research	Research- researcher			



Behave	Behaviour	Behavioral 🤾 💆	
Sponsor	Sponsorship	sponsored 🔊	
Trust	Trust	Trusted-trustworthy 🥞	
Spy	Spy -espionage		
Identify	Identity- identification	Identified	
Criticize	Critic- criticism	Critical	
Employ	Employer - employment	Employed	
	Employee		
Entertain	Entertainer- entertainment		
Imagine	Imagination	Imaginative- imaginative	
Register	Registrar- registration	Registered	
represent	Representation	Represented	
	representative		
Persuade	persuasion	Persuasive	
Publish	Publisher		
Know	Knowledge	Knowledgeable	
Confuse	Confusion	Confusing -confused	
Create	Creator-creature-creation	Creative	

Synonyms & Antonyms

Symony mis et initomy mis				
False / fake / forged	Genuine/original			
Adapt / adjust / familiarize / acclimatize	Reject			
Honest / sincere/ truthful / authentic	Dishonest / deceitful/ fraudulent			
Instant / immediate /	Gradual / delayed			
Obvious / clear / apparent / evident	Ambiguous /unclear /vague			
Professional / expert /specialized	Amateur / inexpert / unprofessional /			
/proficient / certified	substandard			
Reliable / trustworthy / dependable	Unreliable/ defective / unreliable			
Speed /haste / swiftness / hurry /quickness	Slowness/lateness/tardiness			
Task /job / mission / duty / assignment	Irresponsibility			
Upgrade\elevate / promote / improve	Reduce			
Criticize /condemn /slate / disapprove	Approve / commend / esteem			
Cute / attractive /sweet / appealing	Unpleasant / nasty			
Fire / dismiss	Employ			
Highlight /focus	Neglect			
Register / enroll / roll / list	Erase			

Language notes

Experience خبرة (لا تعد) experiences تجربة معل experience تجربة معل الله عدد experience تجربة معل He had much experience in education.

His experiences in France were depressing.

The students did an experiment in the lab.

یثیر شجن (مؤثر) affectine مؤثر یترك انطباع impressive مؤثر فعال

They made an effective cure for corona virus

Our trip to Aswan was very impressive

She cried a lot as the scene in the film was very affecting.

ینشر (مطبوعات) Publish

ینتشر (حریق \ وباء \ مرض \ حریق) spread







The fire spread fast through the village . Corona virus spread fast among the people all over the world . He is spreading rumours about me. He envies me a lot.



Each / Every

بمكن أن نستخدم each = every بنفس المعني:

- I water the plants **every day**. = I water the plants **each day**.

نستخدم each للإشارة الي اثنين أو أكثر بينما تشير every الي ثلاثة أو أكثر:

- She had clearly been in a fight. She had bruises on <u>each leg</u> and cuts on <u>each arm</u> (each leg = both legs/ each arm = both arms)
- My parents have moved to the capital. <u>Each of them</u> works in a bank. (OR They both work..., / They each work
- He was holding a gun in each hand / in both hands.

تستخدم each عندما نفكر في أعضاء مجموعة ما كأفراد وتستخدم every عندما نفكر فيهم كوحدة واحدة:

- <u>Every</u> third-year student will be examined orally in June. They will <u>each</u> be given a fifteen minute interview.
- I gave <u>each</u> of my three brothers a card.
- Every citizen has a role in society.

تستخدم every في حالة وجود الكلمات every

• This year I have visited practically every country in South-East Asia.

يستخدم بعد each of اسم جمع:

• Each of the students was given a prize.

تستخدم of بعد every اذا جاء بعدها كلمة one أو كلمات مثل every اذا جاء بعدها

• every part of the country/every piece of the cake/every member of the team.

تستخدم every one of للأشخاص والأشياء بينما تستخدم everyone للأشخاص فقط:

- Every one of the students has a bike. 20
- Every one or the students has a bike.
 Everyone enjoyed themselves on the beach.

يمكن أن تستخدم each قبل الفعل أو في نهاية الجملة:

• How much are these books? – They each cost \$30 / =They cost \$30 each.

يفرط في التحميلoverload يفرغ حموله unload يحمل احموله عبء download يعرف النت upload ينزل من النت

- 1. Women skillfully carry heavy **loads** on their heads.
- 2. She hadn't finished **unloading** the car! تطبيق التعلم
- 3. both boats were **overloaded** and low in the water.
- 4. It would be wise to **download** your program to another computer before testing it.
- 5. Software is **uploaded** and **downloaded**.

رصيف مشاة sidewalk رصيف شارع pavement رصيف قطار \ منصة اكترونية \ منبر sidewalk رصيف مشاة Source: المصدر الذي نحصل منه على المادة أو الشيء أو المعلومة أو .. الخ وقد يكون مكاتًا أو إنساتًا Resources: الموارد (المواد أو الأشخاص أو غيرها) التي نحتاج إليها لتحقيق هدف ما

- Local authorities complained that they lacked resources.
- Mackerel is a good **source** of fish oil.

Resourceful man

رجل كل العصور والمواقف

sensitive حكيم sensitive

- He rarely makes mistakes. He is really sensible

- Try to deal with him carefully. He is very sensitive.



a room = space

Reading: Doing research online

Your teacher has given you a homework task. Where do you start your <u>research</u>? The internet is very <u>useful</u> with lots of information, but how do you <u>avoid</u> <u>spending</u> hours reading <u>unhelpful</u> websites? Read

on to find out how to use the Internet effectively.

- 1- Look for websites by people, or universities, who have experience in or knowledge of the topic you are researching. If you know who wrote the website, try to **find out** more **about** their experience.
- 2- Think about who has written the website, Is it a company;;ej who may be trying to sell you something?
- 3- Check if the website is **up-to date**. Is the information still **reliable** and useful? When was it **updated**?
- 4- Always **consult** more than one website. The advantage of looking at few different sites is that you can check the information and you may find extra facts.
- 5- What does the website look like? If it is badly designed and is full of grammar and spelling mistakes, then it is probably not very reliable.
- 6- Websites that have named their **sources** are usually more reliable and useful than sites that do not name their **sources**.
- 7- Save the <u>URL</u> (<u>uniform resource locator</u>) of any useful pages or images so you can find them easily.

Targeted advertising

Our computers and smartphones keep small pieces of information called <u>cookies</u>, which tell websites where we've been online and what we were looking at. Cookies are meant to make it easier for us to find things that interest us, but they also help advertisers to sell things to us. So, when we see an <u>advert</u> for something that seems to be exactly what we want, it is because <u>advertisers</u> know what we like. This kind of advertising is called <u>targeted advertising</u>.

Sometimes **advertisers** know where you like to go and when you like to do things, so they can advertise to you when you are most interested. For example, they advertise places to eat when you're hungry. They can also send adverts to your friends at the same time if they think you'll go together.

Sometimes it's easy to see that something is an advert, like those large **banner adverts** that always seem to appear on websites when you're trying to read. And there are adverts that seem to appear in the strangest places, like the small **sponsored adverts** that you find in **search results**.

Adverts <u>are supposed to</u> be honest, but we must be careful. When you see an advert online, think about why you might be seeing it and whether you can believe what it says.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. You cana copy of some programs from many websites for free.

load b-overload c-upload d- download

2. My parents always advise me to buy food from ashop or market.

a-doubtful b-distant c-reliable d- disorganized





How does this animalitself to new environments? c- exchange b- adopt d-update 4. Yoga can help relieve stress..... b-effectively c-impressively a-affectingly d-excitedly 5.players can earn too much money. b-old c-professional 6. The technician will come tothe new air conditioner. a-break b-smash c-attach d-install 7. Although I read the story several times. I can get theof it. c- part d- moral b- character 8. Longman Organizationmany books of the ministry of education. **b-hides** c-publishes d-believes 9. To be a successful teacher is not an easy d- task b- play C-section 10. You musta doctor if you feel pain. c-predict b- detect a-consult d-hire 11. Some websites useto show adverts. c-cookies d-shares b-posts 12. The new system is new but it is not b-expectable c-avoidable d-reliable 13.advertising is the advertisement which appears to people out of their internet and activity on the internet. b-commercial **d-targeted** a-banner c- amateur 14. You have to pay tothe trial antivirus to the full version. a-diffuse b-upload c-upgrade d-secure 15. The posts of the famous actors usually receive millionsof fans. c-refuses **b**-views d-excuses 16.pay higher rates to advertise during prime time entertainment shows. b-consumers c-advertisers d-rivals a-customers 17. You can find the site by typing the "forest bird" on the search page. "c-images d-results **b-keywords** 18. Ithe waiting list quickly for my name. b-researched c-applied 19. The line at the post is usually 30long. b- characters c-personnel a-personalities 20. The actor wears a/anmoustache and beard for the role. a-fake b-figured c-updated d-covered 21. The adjective "ambiguous' is the opposite of........... b-updated c-vague 22. We must watch for our children whoonline a lot. c- travel d-view b- go 23. "Sincere" is synonym to the word...... a-obvious b-fake c-honest d-clear 24. You can run thison a computer and a mobile if you like. c-applied a-apply b-application d-applicable



Peopleaccess to the internet to the internet through their mobile b-make c- have d-win This essay can be considered a ...document for everyone who uses the social media c-consultative d-consultant **b-consultation** 27. The verb "contribute" is similar in meaning to the verb a-subscribe **b-describe** c-prescribe 28. The noun "slowness" is an antonym to the noun..... a-greed b-speed c- habit d- custom 29. The famous singer has millions ofon Instagram a-chasers **b-followers** c-enemies ds-opponents 30. To hear the full interview , ...to the free National Geographic News podcast بث صوتى c-inscribe d-describe d-prescribe a-subscribe 31. I always use Google as my default b-hardware c-browser 32. You have got no need to worryyour weight. You look smart. d-at a-about b-in c-for 33. the police are trying discover the the killer. **b**-description c-identity a-respect b-description c-identity d-prosperit

34. The program automaticallyyou antivirus settings. a-respect d-prosperity a-deteriorates b- updates c- reverses 35. The flag is a/anof our country so, we should all respect it. b-image c-symbol d-story 36. Ali has improved hissince he joined the summer camp. c- culture 2024 d-rapture a-behaviour b-lecture 37. The speech ...the importance of improving education in rural communities. b-denied c-doubted d-highlighted a-perplexed 38. Patients mustat the front desk before being seen by a doctor. b-examine c-register d-receive a-check 39. It is said that women now50% of the workforce. b-act c-attach d-connect 40. The train to Cairo is onfour and it leaves in thirty minutes. a-pavement b- side c-platform 41. There are cars parking alongside of the street. b-all c-every d-each 42. She is always busyafter the house. b-looks c-looking a-look d- to look 43. He cannot give up smoking as he is completelyto it. a-addicted b-attained c-attacked d-applied 44. this program is designed to guidewho are 13 and 19. b-grown up c-infants a-kids d-teens 45. Theof his career is that he is first scientist to discover a cure for pig flu. a-headlight b-light c-highlight d-favour 46. The project has beenas a waste of money. a-punished b-criticized c-rewarded d-praised 47. It takes a long time toa drug for a new disease.

b-reform c- develop d-treat 8. The club provides afor people who share an interest in history. b-view c- seminar d-forum a-home 49. He left the room to give us some **b-expectancy** c-privacy d-behaviour 50. It isto keep a copy of your important documents. a-sensible b-sensitive c- senseless 51. Earthquakespent the fist night in tents in the city's parks. a-researchers b-victims c-hikers d-inventors 52. The director will make shortin the meeting. b-products **c-interviews** d-presentations a-complaints 53. Cairo university isthe first one in Egypt. a-degreed b-ranked c-divided 54. Mobiles help us toin contact with each other. **b**-leave c-depart d-pay a-keep 55. Please.attention to me while I am talking. a-spend b-buy c- cost d-pay 56. The company where I work has about 100...... **b-sections** a-employers c-employees d-officers Focus on language Seem to, (be) meant to, (be) supposed to Use of seem/appear to + infinitive يبدو ان To talk about how something appears to be when we cannot be completely sure: لكي نتحدث عن كيفية ظهور شيء ما وعندما لانكون متأكدين تماما

- She hasn't said anything but Grandma seems to be having fun.
- Taha **seems to like** his new laptop
- Seem to = it seems that $\square \square \square \square \square$
- You **seem to have** lost weight= it seems you have lost weight.
- تطبيق التعلم التفاعلي عن بعد<mark>سم + Seem like</mark>
- It **seems like ages** since we last met.
- <u>- Seem + صفة</u>
- She seems angry with us.
- Uses of (be) meant to + infinitive
- to talk about something that is expected: تعبير عن شيء متوقع كان من المتوقع ان يصلوا قبل الان . They were meant to arrive by now
- to talk about something that is intended: تعبير عن هدف وغرض
- It was <u>meant to be</u> a chocolate cake, but I dropped it. كان المقصود \ الهدف منها
- School is meant to be educational.

لاحظ ان meant to be مبنى للمجهول ولذلك دائما قبلها مفعول اما اذا كانت معلوم فمعناها يقصد

- He meant Alex to be the capital of Egypt.
- Alex was meant to be the capital of Egypt.
- Uses of (be) supposed to + infinitive
- to talk about obligations: عبير عن الزامات





- I **am supposed to(must \ ought to)** look after my brother on Friday night.
- 2 I **am supposed to cook** dinner tonight.
- 3 You are supposed to know the laws of your own country
- = <mark>It is your duty to</mark> know.....
- = You are expected to know . . .

You are supposed to have finished = you should have finished

You are supposed to have read the instructions would normally mean 'You should have read them'.

He is supposed to be washing the car. (He should be washing it.)

- to talk about arrangements: تعبير عن ترتيبات

I'm supposed to cook dinner on Monday evenings.

I am supposed to meet my colleagues on Monday.

to talk about expectations: تعبير عن التوقعات

It was supposed to rain this morning.

- to talk about our beliefs about something: تعبير عن المعتقدات

<u>It is supposed to be</u> the best phone that you can buy

We can use was/were supposed to for the past.

It's eleven o'clock. You were supposed to be here at ten thirty, you know.

للحظات هامة

یشمل ویتضمن ویضم Mean + ving -

Being a doctor means working long hours.

نوی ان Mean to + infin = intend to

He means to marry her soon.

- A means / means

The metro is a fast means of transport.

- Be not supposed to + infinitive منع \ حظر

You are not supposed to smoke here.

- Be supposed to + inf.... = be said
- I want to see that film. It's supposed to(is said to) be good. (= people say it's good)
- There are many stories about Joe. **He's supposed to(is said to)** have robbed a bank many years ago.
- Fireworks are supposed to(said to) have been invented in China. Is it true?

- <u>It seems that</u>

It seems that he likes pop music.

م<u>صدر + seem to + /شخص There</u> -

He seems to like pop music.

It seems that there is rain out.

There seems to be rain out.

He doesn't seem himself these days. لا يبدو في حالته هذه الايام

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1. Nabil is supposeddinner.

to cook b- cook c- to have cook d- to cooking

2. I seem the first student to arrive at school today.

a-being b- to be c- to have c- to have being



..... to snow last week. didn't suppose b- is not supposed c- haven't been supposed d- wasn't supposed 4. Maya meantyou. b- calling c- to be call d- to have been called a-to call 5. Amr seemsa good day. d- to have been 6. The train is at 9 o'clock. a- meant leave 7. My teacherto be happy with my work. a-seemed b- meant c- is supposing d- supposed 8. The gueststo buy flowers for the hostess. b- meant a-are supposed c- seemed 9. Look at these cars. This area be kept clear of traffic. c- is supposed to d- appears a-seem b- means 10. The bus driver needs to concentrate. You.....to talk to him. a-don't seem b- don't mean c- aren't supposed d- don't need 11. Howto cook this? It tells you on the packet. a-do I mean b- am I supposed c- do I suppose d-have I supposed 12. Sarah quite annoyed. a-seemed being b- seemed to being c- seemed to be d- seemed having been 13. Everything is so expensive. Prices seemup all the time. b- going c- go d- to be going a-to be go 14. Jane..... to phone me last night, but she didn't. b- is supposed c-was supposed d-have been supposed 15. Fireworks have been invented in china, is it true? b- are supposed c- are supposing d- suppose 16. Thereto be a mistake in these figures. a-are supposed b-meant C C vere supposed d- seems 17.I am sorry. I didn't.....to break the rules. b-supposed c-seem d-supposed 18.Ito look after my younger brother while my parents are away. c- am supposing d- supposing b- am supposed 19. He seemsa good day. b- have c - has d- to be having a-is having 20. Do you know what the weatherto be like tomorrow? a-is seemed b- is supposed c- is meant d-does seem 21.I seemthe first person to arrive at school today. c- be b- being d- to being a-To be 22. Being a teacher meansa lot of work. b- to be done c- doing 23. My brotherto lose his fiend's toys but he did. b- wasn't supposed c- is supposed d- was supposed 24. It seems thatrun out of bread. a-is having b- having c- we have d- to have 25. Nowadays, many people don'tthemselves.



a-Suppose b	- mean	m d- want		3
26. Shelike	a good doctor, pat	tients like her.		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	b- seems		d- is supposed	
	fired from work , h		* *	
a-seemed		osed c- was n	neant to	d- meant
28. He	to spy on his neigh			
a-is seemed	b- is meaning of	:- is supposed	d- isn't suppo	sed
29.I can attend	the meeting. I am	visit my r	nother who is	ill.
A-supposing to	b- supposing	c- supposed	d- supposed	l to
30.he	to have been stud	lying for the test a	ll night.	
a-is supposing	b- supposed	c- seems d-	meant	
31.Ito a	ttend the lecture.	The professor exp	ects me to do	SO.
a-am supposed	b-am mo	eaning c-seemed	l d-am seem	ied
32. Clothes	be getting mo	re and more expe	nsive all the t	ime.
a-are meant	b-are supposed	d c- seem to	d- want to	
33. The confere	nceto start ton	norrow.		
a-is supposed	b-will suppose	c-supposed	d- is supposin	g
	to have been re			
	b-seems c- is	_		
	o be private , but th			
	o- is supposing			
Translate into A	Arabic :			
		by being rich or s	trong. The gr	eat are those
1- Greatness	s is not merely			
1- Greatness who have	s is not merely مجرد e helped mankin	d, and who have	ي added to	our اضاف عل
1- Greatness who have	s is not merely	d, and who have	ي added to	our اضاف عل
1- Greatness who have progress,	هجره is not merely e helped manking our knowledge, ou	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an	e added to ي d our happine	our اضاف علـ ess.
1- Greatness who have progress,	هجره is not merely e helped manking our knowledge, ou	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an	e added to ي d our happine	our اضاف علـ ess.
1- Greatness who have progress, 2- Money sh	هجره is not merely مجره e helped manking our knowledge, ou	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a	e added to ي d our happine n end. In oth	our اضاف على ess. er words, it
1- Greatness who have progress, 2- Money sh	هجرد is not merely مجرد e helped manking our knowledge, ou ould be considere only be collected b	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in	added to ed our happine do our happine do	اضاف على our ess. er words, it ful projects.
1- Greatness who have progress, 2- Money sh	هجرد is not merely مجرد e helped manking our knowledge, ou ould be considere only be collected b	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a	added to ed our happine do our happine do	our اضاف على ess. er words, it
1- Greatness who have progress,	هجره is not merely مجره e helped manking our knowledge, ou ould be considere only be collected b	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in	added to ed our happine do our happine do	اضاف على our ess. er words, it ful projects.
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1- Greatness who have progress, progress, and a shouldn't a s	s is not merely مجرد e helped manking our knowledge, ou ould be considered only be collected be said in the collected be	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in deduction.	e added to و d our happine n end. In oth vested in usef شه العاليه هي احد ا	our اضاف على our ess. eer words, it ful projects. - ان تكلفة المعيش تخفض الإسعار
1- Greatness who have progress, progress,	s is not merely مجرد helped manking our knowledge, ou our knowledge, ou nould be considered to conly be collected be not be collected be not see the limitant of the nould be considered in the nould be collected be not	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in ed a makerial	added to و d our happine d our happine n end. In oth vested in usef	our اضاف على وحدة. der words, it ful projects. - ان تكلفة المعيش تخفض الاسعار
1- Greatness who have progress, progress,	s is not merely مجرد e helped manking our knowledge, ou ould be considered only be collected be said in the collected be	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in ed a makerial	added to و d our happine d our happine d our happine n end. In oth vested in usef المعالية هي احد الحكوم و يجب علي الحكوم ول احد اروع اخترا و ومن نا.	our اضاف على وحدة. der words, it ful projects. - ان تكلفة المعيش تخفض الاسعار
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1- Greatness who have progress, progress,	s is not merely مجرد helped manking our knowledge, ou our knowledge, ou nould be considered to conly be collected be not be collected be not see the limitant of the nould be considered in the nould be collected be not	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in ed a makerial	added to و d our happine d our happine d our happine n end. In oth vested in usef المعالية هي احد الحكوم و يجب علي الحكوم ول احد اروع اخترا و ومن نا.	our اضاف على our ess. eer words, it ful projects. - ان تكلفة المعيش تخفض الاسعار - التليفون المحمول ورجال الاعمال
1- Greatness who have progress, progress,	s is not merely مجرد helped manking our knowledge, ou our knowledge, ou nould be considered to conly be collected be not be collected be not see the limitant of the nould be considered in the nould be collected be not	d, and who have ir virtues فضائل, an ed a means not a out it should be in ed a makerial	added to و d our happine d our happine d our happine n end. In oth vested in usef المعالية هي احد الحكوم و يجب علي الحكوم ول احد اروع اخترا و ومن نا.	our اضاف على our ess. eer words, it ful projects. - ان تكلفة المعيش تخفض الاسعار - التليفون المحمول ورجال الاعمال

Test on unit 5

1-		correct answer	5 to 200 O	
_	t noose the	correct answer		
		COLL CEL GILLOVEL	ii Oiii u, k	, c, cı a.

1. The antivirus will beautomatically on your hard drive.

A-repaired b-fixed c- installed d- perplexe

2. The internet providesaccess to an enormous amount of information.

a-instant b- hasty c- undeveloped d-slow

3. To run this software, you will need the latestof Windows.

a-book b-version c-CD d- program

4. We areto check out of the hotel by 11 o'clock to catch our flight.

a-affected b-reflected c-supposed d- reposed

5. The story of the terrible murder was given a highin today's papers.

a-sight b-profile c- character d-view

6. The world youthis held in Sharm El sheihk and is attended by young people from all over the world.

a-scenery b-view c-seminar d- forum

7. Nabil is supposeddinner.

a- to be cooked b- cooking c- to cook d-cooks

8. Thereto be a problem with the trains this morning.

a-is supposed b- is meant c- means d-seems

9. Finding a job meansmany interviews.

a-attending b-to attend c- to be attended d- being attended

10. Itto snow last week.

a-seems b- didn't suppose c- wasn't supposed d- meant

11. Librariesto be a place for reading.

a-seem b-are meant c- supposed d-were meant

12. It seems that two childrengone missing.

a- to have b- have c- to be d- being

13. I want to see that film. Itto be good.

a-means b- meant c- seemed d-'s supposed

14. Planes are supposed to be the most comfortableof transport.

a-means b- mean \(\subseteq c\)-seem_\(\subseteq c\) desuppose \(\subseteq c\)

15. The police are looking for him. Heto have a criminal background.

a-supposes b-seems c- means d- likes

16. Theyto be landing at Cairo airport .but if the fog gets any thicker the plane may be diverted.

a-mean b- are seemed c- are supposed d- are supposing

2. Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Marcia says that all of her friends have a cell phone, but Marcia's mom doesn't want to buy her one. Marcia's mom doesn't want Marcia to play video games either. What is more, the Internet scares her. Marcia's mom says, "If Marcia has a cell phone, how do we know whom she is talking to? Video games are bad for you. The Internet is dangerous and uncontrolled. It's like having a gun in the house. We should just ban her from using the computer, and I'm not buying her a cell phone until she is eighteen. This is the only way we can be sure that Marcia is safe."





Marcia's dad disagrees with Marcia's mom. Although he agrees that there are some dangers to it, he likes the Internet, and finds it to be very useful. "The trouble is," he says, "We just can't stop Marcia from using the Internet, as this would put her at a disadvantage. What is more, I like video games. I think that, when played in moderation, they are fun. Obviously, it is not good to play them without restraint or self-control. Finally, I think Marcia needs a cell phone. We can't take these things away."

Choose the correct answer from a, b ,c or d :

- 1. Which of the following best describes the difference between Marcia's mom and Marcia's dad?
- (a) Mom wants to ban Marcia from using the computer, while dad likes to play video games
- (b) Mom thinks technology is dangerous, while dad thinks it can be useful
- (c) Mom cares little about Marcia's future, while dad is very supportive
- (d) Mom is very strict while Dad is open minded
- 2. Which of the following best describes the similarity between Marcia's mom and Marcia's dad?
- (a) Mom and dad both like technology
- (b) Mom and dad both think video games are bad
- (c) Mom and dad both think the internet is dangerous
- (d) Mom and dad both care about Marcia's wellbeing
- 3. In paragraph 1, Marcia's mom says, "It's like having a gun in the house." She says this in order to
- (a) support the idea that the Internet is dangerous
- (b) reject the claim that guns can be safe if used responsibly
- (c) encourage Marcia's dad to purchase a gun
- (d) explain why the Internet is uncontrolled
- 4. In paragraph 2, Marcia's dad says, "We just can't stop Marcia from using the Internet, as this would put her at a disadvantage." What does Marcia's dad mean by this?
- (a) Marcia needs to learn how to use the internet if she wants to have friends in the future
- (b) Marcia should not stop using the internet because this will seriously slow her learning
- (c) If a person's ability to use the internet becomes important in the future, Marcia will be at a loss
- (d) If Marcia does not learn to use the internet on her own, then she will never learn to recognize its dangers

Answer the following questions:

- 5. What is the best reason Marcia's dad can provide to convince Marcia's mom that Marcia needs a cell phone?
- 6 why does Marcia's mom refuse to buy her a cell phone?



7 – What is the best ti	itle of the passage?		
8 – Some people are f them. What abou	for the cell phone for th ut you and why?	e young children but o	thers are against
	f about 180 (words) a		
	Al.		
are one of the greates	ald be without the inve st advances انقدم in mode stry, scientific researc	ern technology. They a	علي ُ re widely
	ish: عن طريق اقامة مشروعات انت ي والزراعي لذلك نستطيع ار	يمل ومضاعفة انتاجنا الصناعم	

GPS-APP

تطبيق التعلم التفاعلي عن بعد







ونمتلك اقتصاد قوي.





Learning from our mistakes

Key Vocabulary

		od b arar y			
Beg	يرجو	Bring back		يعيد ذكريات	
Carol	انشودة	Fall out مامل		يتعارك مع - يتوقف عن الت	
Christmas	عيد الميلاد	Get into			يبدأ الاستماع
Fire	حریق ۱ نار	Get on with		ينسجم مع	
Mean	يعني ١ يقصد ١ بخيل	Hang out with			يقضىي وقتا مع
Pile	كومه – يتكوم	Keep in touch with		يبقي علي انصال مع	
Sigh	يتنهد – تنهيده	Lose touch		يفقد التواصل	
Lightning	برق	تشرق Rise		تفع –	يصعد – ينهض – ير
Forgive	يسامح	Try walking insho		es	ضع نفسك مكان
Hut	كوخ	Torch		كشاف	
Hard hearted	قاسي القلب	Philosopher		فيلسوف	
Straw	قش	Ignore		يتجاهل	
(SB)Vocabulary					

	SBJVOC	abulary	
Actually	بالفعل	Mall	مول
Assistant	عداسم	Memory	ذاكره – ذكري
Boss	رئيس	Prompt	ذاكره – ذكري محفز يتمني – امنيه
Breath	تنفس	Wish	يتمني – امنيه
Disappointed	محبط	Suddenly	فجاءة
nephew	ابن اخ	Tone	نبرة صوت
Pay	يدفع	Treat	يعامل – يتعامل – يعالج
Probably		Upset	منزعج یغیر رأیه
Employer		Change his mind	يغير رأيه
Enormous	ضخم	Apparently	من الواضح
Far away	نفاعلي عن بعد	Caption I add	عنوان دردشه
Foggy	ضبابي	Chat	دردشه
Including	يتضمن	Close	قریب – قریب یخمن
race	سباق	Guess	يخمن
	Workbook	<mark>vocabulary</mark>	
Amount		Prep school	مدرسه اعدادیه
Friendship	صداقة	Primary school	مدرسة ابتدائي
Leader	قائد	Pretty	جمیل – قلیل لحد ما مطر – تمطر
High school	مدرسة ثانوي	Rain	مطر – تمطر
Necklace	عقد – قلادة	Relationship	علاقة
Opposite	مقابل – عكس – مضاد	Reunion	لم شمل
Organize	1	Unusual	اغير عادي
Pick up	يلتقط – يختار – ينتقي		غير عادي المهادثه
Own	يملك	Memories	(مکریات
Pocket	جيب	Polite	مهديب



Definitions

Beg يرجو To	ask for something in a way showing you need it very much.
بخیل – یعنی Mean	Miser: not happy to spend money
Pile کومه	A group of things on top of each other.
یتنهد – تنهیده Sigh	A deep breath showing you are tired, sad or disappointed.
Bring back	To make you remember يستعيد ذكريات
يتعارك Fall out	To stop being friendly
Get into	To start enjoying يبدأ في التمتع
Get on with	To be friendly with ينسجم مع
Hang out with	يقضي وقت مع يقضي
Keep in touch wi	th To continue to communicate with
Lose touch	To stop communicating.

Prepositions & Expressions

At the beginning	في البداية	As usual	كالمعتاد
Change his mind	يغير رأيه	Uncomfortable with	غیر مریح
Do exercise	يؤدي تمارين	Argue with	يجادل مع
Feel alone \ lonely	یشعر بوحده	Bad for	ضار ب
Ask for	يطلب	Get worse	يزداد سوء
Breath out	يخرج زفير		**
Breath in		Keep attention on	يبقي مهتما ب
Feel about	7(17)	Share sad moments	يشارك في لحظات
Pay for	يدفع ثمن	Take an interest in	يهتم ب
Get burnt	يحترق	Go past	يمر علي – يتجاوز
Get lost	يتوه – يفقد	Interested in	مهتم ب
Keep warm	يحافظ علي الدفء		يخرج عن المسار
Miss the train\ plane	يفقد القطار - الاتوبيس		يبنسم
make friends	يكون صداقات	Plenty of	كثير من

Derivatives

<u>Verb</u>	Noun_	<u>Adjective</u>
Assist	Assistance \assistant	
Continue	Continuation	Continuous / continual
Donate	Donor \ donation	
Invite	Invitation	Invited \ inviting
Regret	Regret	Regrettable \ regretful
Surprise	Surprise	Surprising \ surprised
Treat	Treatment	Treatable
Waste	Waste	Wasteful
Guess	Guessing	
Ignore	Ignorance	Ignorant
Improve	Improvement	Improved 🛞
Memorise	Memory	Memorable 🔣
Appear	Appearance	Apparent App



	Synony	ms &	Anton	vms
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* *	Symunyins & Amonyin	1 7
Word	Synonyms	Antonyms
Assistant	Helper	Opponent \ rival
Beg	Request	Give
Disappointed	Depressed - frustrated	Cheerful- pleased - satisfied
Donation	Charity	Blockage
Foggy	Cloudy	Clear
Generous	Hospitable	Mean
Mistake	Error	Correction
Treat	Deal with	Abandon
Waste	Exhaust	Maintain
Apparently	Obviously	Mysteriously
Mean	Cruel - unkind	
Mean	Stingy	Generous
Close	Intimate	Distant
Guess	Suppose	Assure\ prove
Memory	Remembrance	Forgetfulness
Organize	Arrange	Ruin
مثیر – محفز Prompt	Hint	Disappointing
Relationship	Connection	separation

Language notes

حياة انسان the life ه حياه من نوع معين (تسبق بصفه ه life الحياة بصفه عامة & the life

- Life is full of ups and downs.
- They lead a happy life.
- The life of Taha Hussein was very hard.

تلتنم (الجروح والكسور) heal هي يعالج \ يشفي من مرض ورض هcure هيعالج (اجراءات علاج)

- Doctors treat patients with several methods.
- Many dangerous diseases can be cured now.
- The cut has taken a long time to heal. تطبیق التعلم

بعمل كا work as يطور work on يعمل في work in پعمل الصالح work for پعمل مع work with

- - ***** He let us watch the movie.
 - She allows him to read her diaries.

فکری سنویه anniversary تذکار هsouvenir فاکرة ۱ ذکری ه anniversary

- ***** He has a good memory for names.
- **❖** I never forget my happy memories in Alex.
- ❖ I bought this statue as a souvenir from khan El Khalil .
- **❖** Yesterday was the 42nd anniversary of October.

تعليق فوق او تحت صورة caption عنوان فرعي subtitle هنوان كتاب – مقال Title

Ex : I get on with all my friends.

Get on with و <mark>Ex: don't waste time , get on with your job يستمر في القيام ب - شيء Ex: don't waste time , get on with your job يتأقلم مع - شيء Ex: He got on her new work very fast.</mark>

. Ex: don't fall out with your friends يتشاجر مع - شخص Fall out with

. Ex: all her hair fell out يسقط – يتساقط



Ex: he has been hanging out with his frien يقضى وقت مع شخص/ في مكان (Hang out (with) 🟶 Hang – hung – hung وقت بيعلق hang - 🟶 – hanged – hanged

يبقى على اتصال Keep in (close) touch / contact with التواصل مع lose touch with ≠

I keep in touch with all my friends.

I lost touch with him as he travelled abroad.

ينخرط في - يألف - - يبدأفي الاستماع Get into

It was hard for her to get into new relationship as she was depressed.

يدخل مكان **�**Get into / in + place **⊕**get in + no place

I couldn't get into the flat as I lost the keys.

I lost the keys so I couldn't get in.

Mean - meant - meant

- يتعمد - ينوى - يقصد- يتطلب - يستلزم -

He doesn't mean to break it.

یقصد ان مصدر + to شیء او شخص (Mean + (for

I don't mean the vase to break.

Do you mean for her to hear the chat?

You want to be an engineer. This means studying hard for long time.

قاسي على Mean to don't shout at me. it is a mean thing.

بخیل مع Mean with he is mean with his time and money.

ecatch fire محترق – مشتعل on fire حریق – نار – مدفأه 參Fire (n.)

A fire break out تنطفيء النار a fire goes out

یشعل نار لغرض مشروع (طهی – تدفنه) make a fire یشعل نار لغرض غیر مشروع (قتل – حرق) Set fire to

He set fire to the house to kill its residents

He made a fire to cook the food.

یطفیء حریق \ نار Put out a fire = extinguish as fire

we fired at the enemy soldiers and killed many of them يطلق النار على Fire from = sack = dismiss يفصل من عمل - he was fired from work as he was careless.

A Christmas Carol

It was the end of December. It was dark outside and the streets were foggy. Scrooge was a very rich businessman, but he was mean and people didn't like him. Scrooge was working in his office with his assistant, Bob Cratchit. He was very cold because Scrooge wouldn't pay for a big fire to keep them warm.

There was only a small fire and it was very far away. "It's late. Can I go home, Mr Scrooge?" Bob **begged**. Have you finished your work?' asked Scrooge.

Bob looked at the **enormous pile** of work left to do and **sighed**.

"You can't go home if you don't finish your work," continued Scrooge.

"If I finish all this work tonight, will you let me come to work a bit later tomorrow morning?" asked Bob .No," said Scrooge.

Suddenly the door opened and Scrooge's **nephew**, Fred, came into the office. He gave his uncle a **friendly smile**.

"Bah!" said Scrooge, 'Why are you here? And why are you so happy? You're poor. What have you got to be happy about"?

"If you are so rich, why are you so sad? replied Fred. 'Perhaps if you were poo ke me, you'd be happy like me, too".

"Have you come to ask me for money? asked Scrooge in an unfriendly tone.

'No," replied his nephew. "I've come to invite you to dinner'.



"Bahr said his uncle.

A Christmas Carol: After a dream

The next morning, Scrooge woke up in his bed. He'd had a terrible dream, bu now he could see his mistakes. If he hadn't felt so alone, he wouldn't have cared only about money. And if he hadn't cared about money so much, he would have **treated** other people better. Then he would have had more friends, and he wouldn't have felt so alone. But now he would change. He ran to his window and saw a boy in the street. 'You! Boy!' he **shouted out of** the window. "Do you know the butcher's shop?"

Yes, Mr. Scrooge,' shouted the boy. He was surprised to see Mr. Scrooge smile.

"I want you to buy the best food and take it to Bob Cratchit's house as a **gift** from me to his family. Will you do this for me if I pay you?'

Of course.' said the boy and then he ran off before Mr. Scrooge changed his **mind**. Scrooge went out in the street and said. "Good morning," to all the people he met and he **smiled at** them. Everyone **was surprised to see** Mr. Scrooge smiling, but they replied, "Good morning, Mr. Scrooge. and that made Scrooge very happy."

Then he went to his **nephew's** house and asked if he could have dinner with him. Of course, his nephew smiled and invited him to come inside,

Choose the	correct answer	from a, b, c or c	l:		
1. I	him to	<mark>give s</mark> ome <mark>more</mark>	time to <mark>pay h</mark>	is debts.	
a-piled	b- beg	c- forgave	d- let		
2. Don't a	isk apers	son to help you.			
a-mean		9(17)	d- gene		
3. He is	with his mone	y . the poor like	him very mu	ch.	
a-mean	b-main	c- sting	d- gene	rous	
4. When he	didn't know wh	no was to blame	for breaking	the screen. Ii	n relief
a-sighed	b -cited	c- sited ne feels	d- bre	athed	
a-happy	b- relieved	c- alo	ne o	l-sadly	
6	. his comments	as you know he	envies you.	تطب	
		c- omit		elete	
7. We left	t the party early	as they were	to us		
a-friendly	b- intimat	e c-close	d- unfrien	dly	
8. It is	that all you	ng children mal	ke mistakes.		
A-illogical	b- logic	al c- illeg	al d-	legal	
9. I can't	forget my	when I v	was at a prima	ry school.	
	rance b-s			d- remembe	ers
10.you wi	llhim	if you take his	book.		
	b- up set		d- set up		
11.Parent	s much care for	theof	the family me	embers.	
a-union	b-unit	c- united	d- reunite		
12.She flo	ods her childre	n withfee	elings .		(T)
a-worm	b-warm				85
13. Ten pe	oplea ba	aby girl died in t	the car accide	nt.	X 15
a Invioletino	h inc	luding	a includes	d inclusion	74.36



4.Don't drive on thisroad. It is too dangerous. b- frog c- foggy 15. Rich people should giveto help the country develop. b- donates c- donations a-Donors d-donate 16.Shewith her daughter. They had a quarrel. b- get on c- get on with d-fell out in 17.He is He doesn't like to spend money. d- mean 18.The story has a useful moral. it is a-meaning b- meaningful c- meaningless d- mean 19.I don't ask you for money, I am not a b-beggar c- beg c- pleader 20. The policeat the criminal and killed him a-fired out b- set fire c- made fire c- fired 21.Hetouch with his friends so he feel lonely. b- kept c-lost 22.I no longer Mohammed, we rarely meet. b- hung out with c- fall out d- hang out with a-keep touch with 23.he didn'tyou to suffer. He didn't do it purposely. b-mean c-mien d- maimed 24. Hassan was so that he wouldn't spend money on anything. c- sting a-mean b-main d-generous 25.Said has.....of work to do. He doesn't have any free time. c- poles d-peels b-pales a-piles 26.He, but I knew Dad was disappointed when I heard him. c- yawned a-sneezed b- snored d-sighed 27.Ana will.....her mum to make her a chocolate cake for her birthday because S-AL it is her favorite. b-plea c- regret d- beg a-big 28. Whenever I go past my primary school, itlovely memories. a-brings out b-bring on c- brings up d- brings back 29.Social media is a great way toin touch with friends. c-make d- do a-lose 30.Tois to stop being angry with someone who has done something wrong. b- punish c- forget a- Forgive d-forepaw 31.Ais a light you can carry to help you see. c- torch **b**- lamb a-lamp d-trench 32.....is an adjective to describe someone who is unkind. b-hardhearted c- softhearted d-openhearted a-kindhearted **Focus on language** الحالة الصفريةThe Zero Conditional دم هذه الحالة للتعبير عن المواقف التي تكون صحيحة دائما مثل قوانين الطبيعة و الفيزياء و الكيمياء و الفلك..... الت مضارع بسيط present simple مضارع بسيط - **If** = (**when**) plants **don't get** enough water, they **die**.





- You **read** more quickly **if** you **find** a book interesting.

- If you heat ice, it melts.

لاحظ انه يفضل استخدام المبنى للمجهول للتعبير عن الحقائق العلمية.

- **If** water **is heated** to 100° c, it **boils**.

الحالة الأولى The first conditional

مضارع بسيط If / Unless + present simple

will / shall + inf.

• تعبر الحالة الأولى عن أحداث محتملة في المستقبل

- If it rains, we'll get wet.
- We'll see the whole match if we leave now.
- If she works hard, she will pass the test.
- Unless he works hard, he won't succeed.

- If you're hot, I'll buy you a cool drink.

كما تعبر الحالة الأولى عن احتمال حقيقى في المضارع.

- If we have enough time, we can visit Ahmed.

یمکن استخدام can / may بدلا من will
 یمکن أن یکون جواب الشرط أمر أو طلب

- **If** you **see** Asmaa, **give** her a message for me, please.

و لاحظ صيغة السؤال مع if

- What will you do if you win a lot of money?

🗷 يمكن أن نستخدم should بدلا من if و يليها فاعل ثم مصدر

- Should he have enough money, he will buy a car.

تُستخدم unless :بدلا من IF ويأتي بعدها الفعل في صبيغة الإثبات :

Unless she **takes** a taxi, she **won't be** there in time.

= If she doesn't take a taxi, she won't be there in time.

= Without\ But for taking a taxi, she won't be there in time.

لاحظ انه يمكن استخدام .it is + adj. + to + inf في الجزء الثاني من الجملة:

If you **go** to Kuwaite, **it is possible to** find work there.

حظ صيغة السؤال مع if:

What will you do if you find yourself in a dangerous situation? What will happen if you lose all your money?

يمكن استخدام الكلمات الأتية بدلا من If في الحالة الأولى:

As long as = If

Provided (that) / Providing (that) = only if

You can borrow my car as long as you drive carefully.

Provided that you **have** a lot of money, you **can buy** this car.

يمكن استخدام in case of + v+ing بدلاً من IF في الحالة الأولى:

In case of studying hard, you'll pass the test.

الحالة الثانية The Second Conditional

If + past simple ماضي بسيط would/could/might/should +inf.

- If you walked all the way, it would take about three hours.

I would go to the beach if it were summer.

ر الحالة الثانية عن أحداث ممكنة و لكنها غير محتملة في الحاضر أو المستقبل

- I **would watch** the football match **if** they **showed** it on television.

(I do not think they will show it)



خما تعبر عن أشياء غير حقيقية أو مستحيلة

If I were you, I'd listen to the weather forecast before going for a picnic. (I am not you and can never be you.)

- لاحظ استخدام were مع المفرد للدلالة على الاستحالة
 - تستخدم الحالة الثانية If I were you للنصيحة
- If I were you, I'd look for another job.
 - يمكن استخدام were بدلا من if مع ملاحظة أن were هي فعل الجملة الأساسي
- Were I younger, I'd play football with you.
 - إذا كان فعل الجملة فعل آخر غير were نستخدم were ثم الفاعل ثم *to + inf ...
- Were it to rain, the match would be postponed.
- يمكن أن نستخدم had بدلا من •
- Had he enough time, he would go to the club.

- لاحظ صيغة الاستفهام مع if
- What would you do if you won a lot of money?

• يمكن استخدام should بدلا من If ۲-۱ و يليها فاعل ثم مصدر

would/could/might/should +have +p.p.

Should he play well, he **would** win.

ماضی تام If + past perfect

Should he train hard, he will win the race.

الحالة الثالثة The Third Conditional

- If you hadn't phoned, I wouldn't have known you were back from your holiday.
- If you hadn't gone to that school, I wouldn't have met you.

• تعبر الحالة الثالثة عن حدث خيالي في الماضي.

- If it had continued raining, the town would have flooded. (But it didn't continue raining and the town didn't flood.)
- If he had been taller, he would have been a basketball player. (But he is / wasn't taller and he didn't become a basketball player.)
 - لاحظ صيغة الاستفهام مع if
- What would you have done if you had won a lot of money?
 - يمكن أن نستخدم had بدلا من if و يليها فاعل ثم تصريف ثالث
- If he had played well, he would have won. (Had) Had he played well, he would have won.

♦ ملاحظات:

- تنطبق حلات أن الثلاثة على التلاقية على التلاقة على التلاقة على التلاقة على التلاقة على التلاقة على التلاقة ع - Unless Peter improves, he will fail the exam.

- Unless he were lazy, he wouldn't fail the exam.
- Unless he had worked hard, he wouldn't have succeeded.

• لاحظ الفرق بين in case / in case of في الاستخدام:

جملة + لربما In case

اسم v. + ing / noun + في حالة In case of

- In case of having enough money, he will buy a car.
- Take this money **in case you need** it.

والمنط التعبيرات التالية

But for/Without+ v. + ing/ noun ——would + inf. / would have +pp

If it weren't for + v. + ing / noun → would + inf.

If it hadn't been for + v. + ing / noun ——would have + pp

- **But for the Nile**, Egypt **would be** a desert.

If it weren't for the Nile, Egypt would be a desert.

- Without his hard work, he wouldn't have succeeded.

f it hadn't been for his hard work, he wouldn't have succeeded.

من <u>as long as / only if فقط اذا on condition that بشرط أن only if / فقط اذا in the event that في حالة j provided</u>

- You can stay with us as long as you share the rent.
- You can drive my car only if you drive carefully.
- I'll lend you the money on condition that you return it within 6 months.
- **In the event that** he **wins** the prize, he **will** probably **celebrate** the event.
- She will pass her exams provided / providing she studies hard.

☑ Sentences with wish **☑**

نستخدم بعد wish ماضي بسيط للتعبير عن التمني في الحاضر

وات شرط أخرى

- He wishes he was/were taller. (He is short.)
- I wish (If only) I knew where my keys were.

(I do not know where my keys ate.)

- ➡ I wish(If only) I could drive a car. (I cannot drive a car.)
- I wish people didn't speak about each other.

∑وللتعبير عن التمنى في الماضي نستخدم بعد wish زمن الماضي التام

- **Solution** I wish (If only) I had read the exam question more carefully.
 - (I did not read the question carefully.)

- ا wish (If only) he hadn't wasted all his money. He would have been wealthy. If توازى الحالة الثالثة من

∑في حالة وجود فعل مضاف له ing بعد regret نستخدم الماضي التام بعد I wish

☑ I regret making this mistake = I wish I hadn't made this mistake.

* Wish to + inf. = want to

I wish to meet Ali = I want to meet Ali.

hope + فاعل + future simple / present simple خاعل + future simple / present simple

I hope he will arrive (arrives) tomorrow.

Wish ... + n. (wish someone something)

I wish you a speedy recovery. I wish you good luck. I wish you a happy life.

⊠وللتعبير عن التمني في المستقبل نستخدم بعد wish إما could مع كل الضمائر أو would مع كل الضمائر أو would مع (he - she - they - it - you).

- I wish I could meet him tomorrow.
- **∞** I wish (If only) she would come to my wedding party next week.

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1- If we didn't get heat and light from the sun, there.... no life on Earth.

a- would be	b- will be	c- is	d- would have been
2- If you the	emperature at its cer	itre, you'd find it w	as 15 million degrees.
a- take	c- took	d- had taken	d- 'd take
0 70 1 1	•	The second secon	

3- If you look at the sun, you.....your sight.

a- damage	b- 'd damage	c- 'll damage	d- would have damage
	OV if were leady at the same		-2

..... OK if you look at the sun wearing sunglasses?

a- was it b- will it be c- would it be d- Is i

If heat the sun, he wouldn't have damaged his sight.



20				
	a-hadn't looked	b- didn't look	c- doesn't look	d-wouldn't look
U	48.	ned so heavily, we		
		b- won't have c-		d- hadn't had
7	Elia o	the moon if I were as		4 114 114
	a- go	b- would go		ould have gone
		t tomorrow, we		oute have gone
	a- don't go	b- wouldn't go		ouldn't have gone
		e near volcanoes leav		
	a- erupt	h. erunted	c. had arunted	d. will erunt
	10- If I were you, I	to the weather for	cast hoforo docidino	d- will erupt g where to go tomorrow.
	a- will listen	b- would listen	c- would have listene	d d- listen
		ad reached the city, h		
	a- will be	b- would be	c- would have	d- would have
	destroyed		destroyed	
		appen if a huge storm		
		b- hit		l- would have hit
	a- hits			be no life on Earth,?
			tne sun, there would	be no life on Earth,?
	a- will they			d- would there
	_	temperature at the c	entre of the sun, you	it was more
	like 15 million degre			
	a- 'd find		ould have found	d- can find
		oked at the sun, he wo		
	a- would damage	b- would have		d- wouldn't have
	1.0	damaged		damaged
	16- If youat t	he sun, y <mark>ou will d</mark> ama	age your sight.	
			1 11 1 1	
	a- look	b- looked	c- had looked	d- are looking
	17- If there are clo	ouds in the sky tonigh	nt, youable to s	see the moon.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v	ouds in the sky tonigh vouldn't be c- v	nt, youable to s vouldn't have been	see the moon.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar	ouds in the sky tonigh wouldn't be c- v n eclipse, the sky wou	nt, youable to s vouldn't have been ld have gone dark .	see the moon. d- will not be
	17- If there are close a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were	ouds in the sky tonigh vouldn't be c-value clipse, the sky would b- was	nt, youable to so wouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c-had been	d- will not be
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered	ouds in the sky tonigh vouldn't be c- vouldn't be c- vouldn't be c- vouldn't be couldn't be sky wouldn't b- was couldn't couldn't b- couldn't b- was couldn't b- c- vouldn't b- c-	nt, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had been it my mother's nar	d- will not be d- is ne.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c- vous eclipse, the sky wou b- was a new planet, I b- will give	nt, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had been it my mother's nar c- give	d- is ne. ould have given
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was an	ouds in the sky tonight ouldn't be c-value c-	nt, youable to so to a vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi	d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c-value c	nt, youable to so the vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare country, Idefic c- can	d- will not be d- is ne. buld have given nitely watch it. d- would have
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c-value c	nt, youable to so to wouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic- can t, yousee stars	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c-value clipse, the sky would b- was a new planet, I b- will give clipse of the sun in b- would e sky on a clear night b- would	nt, youable to so the vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic c- can t, yousee stars c- could	d- is ne. Duld have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c-value c	nt, youable to so the vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic c- can t, yousee stars c- could	d- is ne. Duld have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didn	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be c-value clipse, the sky would b- was a new planet, I b- will give clipse of the sun in b- would e sky on a clear night b- would	nt, youable to so the vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic c- can t, yousee stars c- could	d- is ne. Duld have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didne a-won't be b-wee	buds in the sky tonight vouldn't be	t, youable to so touldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life couldn't be	d- is ne. Duld have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth.
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didn a-won't be b-we 23- If you wear a h	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be	t, youable to so touldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefic c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life couldn't be	d- is ne. Duld have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth.
	a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didne a-won't be b-we 23- If you wear a he a- won't get b	buds in the sky tonight vouldn't be	t, youable to so vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have
	a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didne a-won't be b-we 23- If you wear a he a- won't get b	ouds in the sky tonight vouldn't be	t, youable to so vouldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have
	a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didne a-won't be b-we 23- If you wear a he a- won't get b 24- It better a- will be	buds in the sky tonight youldn't be	t, youable to so touldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be
بنقو	a- aren't b- v 18- If itar a- were 19- If I discovered a- would give 20- If there was are a- will 21- If you watch the a- can 22- If the sun didne a-won't be b-we 23- If you wear a he a- won't get b 24- It better a- will be	buds in the sky tonight youldn't be	t, youable to so touldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If it	buds in the sky tonight youldn't be	t, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be u wouldn't have got le c- haven't spent	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be burnt. d- hadn't spent
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If it	buds in the sky tonight vouldn't be	t, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be u wouldn't have got le c- haven't spent	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be burnt. d- hadn't spent
	17- If there are cle a- aren't b- v 18- If it	buds in the sky tonight youldn't be	it, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be u wouldn't have got le c- haven't spent row, I'll go swimming c- be	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be burnt. d- hadn't spent d- will be
	17- If there are cleararen't b-v 18- If it	buds in the sky tonight youldn't be	nt, youable to so youldn't have been ld have gone dark . c- had beenit my mother's nare c- give d- wo my country, Idefi c- can t, yousee stars c- could thereany life of c- wouldn't be burnt. c- don't get rear sunglasses. c- would be u wouldn't have got le c- haven't spent row, I'll go swimming c- be will be blown down	d- will not be d- is ne. ould have given nitely watch it. d- would have and planets. d- might have on Earth. d- didn't have d- can get d- can be burnt. d- hadn't spent d- will be



If the volcano, I'd be very surprised/we would leave quickly. c- erupted d- was erupted b- erupt If the flood had been here, houses would have been damaged. b- would have been a- would have c- had been d- will be damaged damaged damaged damaged I wish I what I was going to do when I leave school. b- knew c- have known d- will know a- know 31-I wish I my time in the holidays. a- hadn't wasted b- haven't wasted c- can not waste d- wouldn't waste 32-I wish there something I was really interested in. b- has been d- could be c- were 33-They spent all their money in the holidays and they are sorry now. They wish they all their money in the holidays a- hadn't spent b- didn't spend d- couldn't spend c- wouldn't spend I don't know where my friends are. I wish I....where my friends were. d- would know b- knew c- had known a-know 35- He'd like to be better at sport. He wishes he better at sport. b- has been c- were d- could be 36- I'm sorry about the things I said yesterday. I wish I ...those things yesterday. b- hadn't said a- didn't say c- haven't said d- couldn't say 37- Ali wishes he so many things to do before he goes to bed. b- hadn't get c- hasn't got d-wouldn't get a- didn't get 38-Ali wishes itso late because he has still got things to do before he goes to bed. d-couldn't be a- isn't b- hasn't been c-wasn't Translate into Arabic: 3-We are the products of our past, but we don't have to be prisoners of it. Never let past mistakes dominate your life .Find yourself a new start and with it you find hope. 4-What we perceive as an error or failure is actually a gift. And eventually; we find that the lessons learned from this discouraging experience prove to be of great worth. Translate into English: ٣- كل البشر خطاء وافضل الخطائين هم من يتعلموا دروسا من اخطائهم حتى لا يكرورها. ٤- الحياة هي المعلم الاول. وحياة الانسان تكستي قيمتها بمقدار الخبرات التي يمر بها ويتعلم منها الكثير.

2- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

17. Charities acceptfrom all people

A-sales b-donations c- products

18. Theshowed us all products but we didn't like them

d- crops



F-1					71.7
a-assi	istant	b- designer	c- customer	d-servant	t
19.	The stay i	n this hotel costs	200 pounds	breakfast.	
a-con	sisting	b-enclosing	c-containing	d- includin	g
20.	During th	e holiday , I spend	d much time	out with my	friends.
a-cha	nging	b-returning	c-hanging	d- moving	
21.	She could	make him chang	e hisand a	ccept the offer.	
a-hea	ıd	b-mind	c- brain	d-matter	
22.	He will ca	tch the train	coming in time.		
a- if		b- in case	of c- un	iless d- i	n spite of
23.	Had it rain	ned so heavily, w	efloods.		
a- wo	uldn't hav	e had b- wo	uld have c- wo	uld have had	d- may have
24.	If Mona h	ad come ten min	utes earlier , she	her boss.	
a- wo	uld meet	b- wou	ld have met	c- will meet	d- meets
25.	I wouldn'	t have reached th	is stage unless she	me.	
a- hel	lped	b- had h	elped c-	was helping	d- would help
26.	What	if he had left t	he meeting		
a- wo	uld happe	n b- will happen	c- had happene	d d- would h	ave happened
27.	he	understand the le	esson if he read the	e summary?	
a- wil	I	b- did	c- would		d- can
28.	She wishe	es sheto <mark>pho</mark>	ne her parents to	say s <mark>he w</mark> as goi	ng to be late, but she
	forgot.				
a- had	d remembe	ered b- ha	s remembered	c-remembered	d- could remember
29.	It would k	oe embarrassing,	she to find o	ut the truth.	
a- sho	ould	b- were	c- had	d- if	
30.	If you try	to escape, I	you		
	l shoot	b- would she	oot c- woul	d have shot	d- shoot
31.	We were	good friends unti	l we	each other.	
a-fell	out with	b-bro	ought back c-	fell for	d- fell in
32.	A person	who studies and	thinks about the m	eaning of life is	a/an
A-phi	losopher	b- writer	b- author	r c	- intellectual
	1 . 1 . 6 . 11	•		. •	

2. Read the following passage and answer the questions:

The fantastic Selous Wildlife Park in the south of Tanzania is the largest wildlife area in the world and a great place to see lions, elephants, giraffes, crocodiles and other wild animals. We stay in comfortable accommodation by the Rufiji River. From there we can drive into the park to look at the wildlife and take boat trips along the river. When it is dark, we can watch the animals come down to the river to drink. Then we fly to the island of Zanzibar. Here we can wander through the narrow streets of the old town with <u>its</u> beautiful mosques and busy markets. We spend our last few days relaxing on Jambiani Beach, where we can go swimming and diving. This 14-day-holiday costs only £1,500 per person. Flights, all other travel and meals are included in the price.

Choose the correct answer from a, b ,c or d :

6. How do visitors travel to Zanzibar from Tanzania?





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a-by road b- by sea c-by air d- on foot	
Market 5	manuas?
7. What does <u>its</u> refer to in with its beautiful a- Zanzibar's b- the narroy	
c- The island's d- the town	
	5
	c - half month d- ten days
9. They went from their accommodation by	
a-train b- bus c- ca	
Answer the following questions:	u- boat
10. Who is this text written for?	
10. Who is this text written for:	
11. What is special about the Selous Wildlife F	Park?
12. When do the animals come down to the ri	
13. Do you like to make a trip to the south of	
3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) abo	ut "It is natural to make mistakes" .
3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) abo	ut "It is natural to make mistakes" .
3 - Write an essay of about 180 (words) abo	
2024	
4- A) Translate into Arabic:	
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4- A) Translate into Arabic: Education isn't an end, but a means to an enchildren for the purpose of education .Our p	d .In other words, we don't educate urpose is to fit them for life . The
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4- A) Translate into Arabic: Education isn't an end, but a means to an enchildren for the purpose of education .Our purposes the one who makes full use sorrowfully looking back at what he has lost B) Translate into English: سر و الاتجاة لاستصلاح الصحراء بدلا من التكدس على ضفتي	d .In other words, we don't educate urpose is to fit them for life . The of what life offers him without
4- A) Translate into Arabic: Education isn't an end, but a means to an enchildren for the purpose of education .Our purposes the one who makes full use sorrowfully looking back at what he has lost B) Translate into English: سر و الاتجاة لاستصلاح الصحراء بدلا من التكدس على ضفتي	d .In other words, we don't educate urpose is to fit them for life . The of what life offers him without النيل فمازال المصريون يعيشوا على ٥% من مساح



